

**REGENT SUKOHARJO**  
**REGIONAL REGULATIONS OF SUKOHARJO DISTRICT**  
**NUMBER 1 OF 2013**  
**ABOUT**  
**CONSTRUCTION SERVICES BUSINESS LICENSE**

**BY THE GRACE OF GOD ALMIGHTY**

**REGENT SUKOHARJO,**

**Considering:**

- a. that the dynamics of infrastructure development in the regions has encouraged the development and growth of construction service companies which must be balanced with mastery of technology and science in order to provide benefits to improve community welfare;**
- b. that the rapid growth of construction service companies will encourage unhealthy competition thereby ignoring construction values and standards, therefore it must be regulated by a licensing mechanism;**
- c. that based on Article 14 paragraph (1) of Government Regulation Number 28 of 2000 concerning Business and the Role of the Construction Services Community, it is stated that National Business Entities that carry out construction services businesses are required to have a business permit issued by the Regional Government at their place of domicile;**
- d. that based on the considerations as intended in letters a, b and c, it is necessary to stipulate Regional Regulations regarding Construction Services Business Licenses;**

**Remember :**

- 1. Article 18 paragraph (6) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia;**
- 2. Law Number 13 of 1950 concerning the Establishment of Regency Areas within the Province of Central Java;**
- 3. Law Number 18 of 1999 concerning Construction Services (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 1999 Number 54 Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3833);**

4. **Law Number 32 of 2004 concerning Regional Government (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2004 Number 125, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4437), as amended several times, most recently by Law Number 12 of 2008 concerning the Second Amendment to the Law -Law Number 32 of 2004 concerning Regional Government (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2008 Number 59, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4844);**
5. **Law Number 12 of 2011 concerning the Formation of Legislation (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2011 Number 82, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5234);**
6. **Government Regulation Number 28 of 2000 concerning the Business and Role of the Construction Services Community (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2000 Number 63, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3955) as amended several times, most recently by Government Regulation Number 92 of 2010 concerning the Second Amendment to Government Regulation Number 28 of 2000 concerning Business and Role of the Construction Services Community (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2010 Number 157);**
7. **Government Regulation Number 29 of 2000 concerning the Implementation of Construction Services (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2000 Number 64, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3956);**
8. **Government Regulation Number 30 of 2000 concerning the Implementation of Construction Services Development (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2000 Number 65, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 3957);**
9. **Government Regulation Number 79 of 2005 concerning Guidelines for the Development and Supervision of Regional Government Administration (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2005 Number 165, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 4593);**
10. **Government Regulation Number 38 of 2007 concerning the Division of Government Affairs between the Government, Provincial Regional Governments and Regency/City Regional Governments (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2007 Number 82, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 2738);**

11. Presidential Regulation Number 1 of 2007 concerning Ratification, Promulgation and Dissemination of Legislative Regulations;
12. Regulation of the Minister of Public Works Number 04/PRT/M/2011 concerning Guidelines for Requirements for Granting National Construction Services Business Permits;
13. Sukoharjo Regency Regional Regulation Number 1 of 2008 concerning Government Affairs within the Authority of the Sukoharjo Regency Regional Government (Sukoharjo Regency Regional Gazette of 2008 Number 1, Supplement to Sukoharjo Regency Regional Gazette Number 155);
14. Sukoharjo Regency Regional Regulation Number 9 of 2010 concerning Buildings in Sukoharjo Regency (Sukoharjo Regency Regional Gazette of 2010 Number 9, Supplement to Sukoharjo Regency Regional Gazette Number 178);
15. Sukoharjo Regency Regional Regulation Number 14 of 2011 concerning Sukoharjo Regency Regional Spatial Planning for 2011-2031 (Sukoharjo Regency Regional Gazette 2011 Number 14, Supplement to Sukoharjo Regency Regional Gazette Number 192);

**With Mutual Consent**

**REGIONAL PEOPLE'S REPRESENTATIVE COUNCIL OF SUKOHARJO DISTRICT**

And

**REGENT SUKOHARJO**

DECIDE :

**Establish: REGIONAL REGULATIONS CONCERNING SERVICE BUSINESS LICENSES CONSTRUCTION.**

**PIG  
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

**article 1**

**In this Regional Regulation what is meant by:**

- 1. Region is Sukoharjo Regency.**
- 2. The Regent is the Regent of Sukoharjo.**
- 3. Regional Government is the Regent and regional apparatus as elements of Regional Government administration.**
- 4. Regional Apparatus Work Units, hereinafter abbreviated as SKPD, Regional Apparatus Work Units which are in charge of licensing to grant Construction Services Business Permits are led by the head of the work unit and are responsible in accordance with their authority.**

5. **Construction services are construction work planning consultancy services, construction work implementation services and construction work supervision consultancy services.**
6. **Construction services business is a business in construction work planning services, construction service implementation services, and construction work supervision consultancy services.**
7. **A business entity is a juridical (legal), technical and economic entity whose aim is to seek profit or gain.**
8. **Construction Services Business Entity, hereinafter abbreviated to BUJK, is a business entity in the form of a legal entity, whose business activities are engaged in the Construction Services sector.**
9. **Construction Services Business License, hereinafter abbreviated to IUJK, is a permit to conduct business in the Construction Services sector granted by the Regional Government.**
10. **Construction work is the whole or part of a series of planning and/or implementation activities along with supervision which includes architectural, civil, mechanical, electrical and environmental work and their respective equipment to create a building or other physical form.**
11. **Business Entity Certificate, hereinafter abbreviated as SBU, is a business entity certificate issued by the Indonesian Construction Services Development Institute.**
12. **The Expertise Certificate, hereinafter abbreviated to SKA, is proof of the competence and ability of the professional work skills of experts.**
13. **Skills Certificate, hereinafter abbreviated as SKT, is a Skills Certificate which is proof of professional competency and ability in work skills.**
14. **A construction planner is an individual service provider or BUJK who is declared an expert and professional in the field of construction service planning who is capable of realizing work in the form of building planning documents or other physical forms.**
15. **Construction implementer is an individual service provider or BUJK who is declared an expert and professional in the field of carrying out construction service work who is capable of carrying out activities to realize a planning result into a building or other physical form.**

**16. A construction supervisor is an individual service provider or BUJK who is declared an expert and professional in the field of construction services supervision, who is capable of carrying out supervision work from the start of the construction work until it is completed and handed over.**

**17. Domicile is the place of establishment and/or position/address of a permanent business entity in carrying out construction services business activities.**

**18. Certificates are:**

- a. proof of recognition in determining the classification and qualifications of business competence and capabilities in the field of construction services, whether in the form of an individual or a business entity; or b. proof of recognition of professional competency and ability, work skills and work expertise of individuals in the field of construction services according to certain scientific disciplines and/or skills and/or certain functions and/or expertise.**

**19. Classification is part of the registration activity to determine the classification of businesses in the field of construction services according to fields and sub-fields of work or the classification of professional skills and work expertise of individuals in the field of construction services according to certain scientific disciplines and/or skills and/or respective functions and/or expertise. -each.**

**20. Qualification is part of the registration activity to determine the classification of businesses in the field of construction services according to the level/depth of competence and business capabilities, or the classification of professional skills and work expertise of individuals in the field of construction services according to the level/depth of competence and professional abilities and expertise.**

**21. Coaching is a regulatory, empowering and monitoring activity carried out by the Regional Government for service providers, service users and the community.**

**22. Institution is a Regional Construction Services Development Institution which carries out the development of national construction services in the regions.**

**CHAPTER II**  
**PRINCIPLES, AIMS AND OBJECTIVES**  
**Section 2**

**The granting of IUJK is based on the principles of honesty and justice, benefits, harmony, balance, independence, openness, partnership, security and safety for the benefit of the community, nation and state.**

### Article 3

**The purpose of enacting this Regional Regulation is to regulate the implementation of IUJK grants.**

### Article 4

**This regional regulation aims to:** a. realizing

**an orderly implementation of the granting of IUJK in accordance with the requirements of statutory regulations to support the realization of a good business climate;**

- b. ensuring the reliability of construction service providers in order to protect the interests of the community;**
- c. realizing increased efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources in the construction of physical facilities and infrastructure; And**
- d. supporting the provision of basic services and achieving minimum service standard targets in the field of Construction Services Business Licenses.**

## CHAPTER III CONSTRUCTION SERVICES BUSINESS

### Article 5

**(1) Construction service businesses include:**

- a. type of business;**
- b. form of business; And**
- c. construction services business sector.**

**(2) The type of construction business as referred to in paragraph (1) letter a includes planning services, implementation services and construction supervision services.**

**(3) Planning services, implementation services and construction supervision services as referred to in paragraph (2) can be provided in an integrated manner.**

**(4) The form of construction services business as intended in paragraph (1) letter b includes the business of individuals and business entities.**

**(5) The construction services business sector as referred to in paragraph (1) letter c includes architectural and/or civil and/or mechanical and/or electrical work and/or environmental management, each with its accessories.**

### Article 6

**(1) To be able to carry out the work of construction planners, construction implementers and/or construction supervisors in the form of business entities or individual businesses, they are required to have an IUJK.**

- (2) The IUJK as intended in paragraph (1) must include the classification and qualifications of construction service businesses.
- (3) The classification and qualifications of construction service business entities must be in accordance with those stated in the Business Entity Certificate.
- (4) The classification of construction services businesses as intended in paragraph (2) consists of:
  - a. general business classification is applied to business entities that have the ability to carry out one or more fields of work as intended in Article 5 paragraph (5);
  - b. specialist business classification applies to businesses of individuals and/or business entities that have the capability to only carry out one sub-field or one part of a sub-field as intended in Article 5 paragraph (5);
  - c. The classification of businesses of individuals who have certain work skills is applied to businesses of individuals who have the ability to only carry out certain work skills.
- (5) The qualifications for construction services businesses as referred to in paragraph (2) are based on the level/depth of competence and potential business capabilities and can be classified as: a. large business qualifications; b. medium business qualifications; and c. Small business qualifications include individual businesses.

CHAPTER IV  
 CONSTRUCTION SERVICES BUSINESS LICENSE  
 Part One  
 General Principles for Granting IUJK  
 Article 7

**Principles for implementing IUJK:**

- a. prioritizing excellent service; b. reflects the professionalism of service providers; and c. is a means of developing construction services businesses.

**Article 8**

- (1) The Regent grants IUJK to business entities or individual businesses that have met the requirements.

- (2) The Regent can delegate to the SKPD in charge of licensing to grant IUJK.
- (3) The appointment of SKPD as intended in paragraph (2) is regulated by a Regent's Regulation.
- (4) IUJK is granted to business entities or individual construction service businesses domiciled in the Region.
- (5) IUJK as intended in paragraph (4) is valid to carry out construction services business activities throughout the territory of the Republic of Indonesia.

#### **Article 9**

**In the event that the IUJK is granted by an implementing SKPD that is not in charge of construction services, a new or extended IUJK is granted after receiving a recommendation from the agency in charge of construction services.**

#### **Article 10**

- (1) Recommendations as intended in Article 9 are given in the form of a recommendation letter.
- (2) Recommendations can be given to the Agency Business/BUJK or individual business that at least meets the following criteria:
  - a. Business Entities/BUJK consist of:
    - 1. SBU;
    - 2. SKA and/or SKT issued by the Institution;
    - 3. office location in accordance with the domicile certificate;
    - 4. The BUJK in question is not subject to sanctions; And
    - 5. The BUJK in question is not currently on the blacklist.
  - b. Individual businesses consist of:
    - 1. Individual business registration certificate;
    - 2. SKA and/or SKT issued by the Institution;
    - 3. office address according to the domicile certificate;
    - 4. the business of the individual concerned is not subject to sanctions; And
    - 5. The business of the individual concerned is not currently blacklisted.

- (3) In providing recommendations, technical agencies in charge of construction services are required to carry out field verification.
- (4) Procedures and procedures for providing IUJK recommendations regulated by Regent Regulations.

**Part Two**  
**Application for IUJK Services**  
**Article 11**

- (1) The SKPD in charge of licensing carries out IUJK granting services based on written requests from BUJK and individual businesses.
- (2) The types of application services as intended in paragraph (1) include:
  - a. application for a new permit;
  - b. permit extension; c.
  - data change; and/or d. permit closure.
- (3) The IUJK granting process is carried out no later than 5 (five) working days after the required document files are declared complete.
- (4) The form, procedures and requirements for submitting an IUJK as intended in paragraph (1) are regulated by a Regent's Regulation.

**Part Three**  
**Responsible for Engineering**  
**Article 12**

- (1) The Person in Charge of Business Entity Engineering must be owned by the Construction Services Business Entity that submits the IUJK application.
- (2) The technical person in charge of the business entity for planning services, implementation services and supervision services must have a skills and/or expertise certificate in accordance with the classification and qualifications of construction workers.
- (3) Technical staff and/or experts who have permanent staff status in a business entity, are prohibited from serving as permanent staff in other business entities or individual businesses in the same field of construction services.
- (4) The person in charge of engineering for the business entity as intended in paragraph (1) is the person in charge of engineering where the Business Entity is domiciled or in a Regency/City adjacent to Sukoharjo Regency which can be easily reached every day.

## Article 13

**BUJKs with branch or representative status operating in regional areas are required to have business classifications and qualifications that are in accordance with the business classifications and qualifications held by their head office.**

### Part Four IUJK Validity Period

## Article 14

**IUJK has a validity period of 3 (three) years and can be extended every time the validity period expires.**

### CHAPTER V

## INDIVIDUAL BUSINESS REGISTRATION CARD

### Article 15

- (1) To be able to carry out the work of construction planners, construction implementers and/or construction supervisors in the form of individual businesses, they are required to have an Individual Business Registration Card.**
- (2) The Individual Business Registration Card as intended in paragraph (1) must include the classification and qualifications of the construction services business.**
- (3) The classification and qualifications of construction service businesses as intended in paragraph (2) must be in accordance with those stated in the SKA or SKT.**
- (4) Requirements for an Individual Business Registration Card as referred to in paragraph (1) are regulated by a Regent's Regulation.**

### CHAPTER VI

## RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF IUJK HOLDERS

### First part Right

## Article 16

**IUJK holders have the right to:**

- a. following the construction services procurement process; And**
- b. receive guidance from the Regional Government.**

### The second part

### Obligation

## Article 17

- (1) IUJK holders are required to fulfill the provisions regarding:**
  - a. engineering, including general safety requirements, building construction, quality of work results, quality of building materials and/or components, and quality of equipment in accordance with applicable standards or norms;**

- b. security, safety and health of construction workplaces in accordance with statutory regulations;
- c. social protection of workers in carrying out construction work in accordance with statutory regulations; And
- d. local environmental governance and environmental management in accordance with statutory regulations.

(2) The IUJK holder is obliged to submit the results of planning work which includes the results of the work stages, the results of the first handover, and the results of the final handover in an appropriate cost, right quality and on time manner.

(3) IUJK holders with Implementing and Supervising Business Sectors are required to produce construction products according to the specifications and designs in the contract and refer to engineering provisions.

(4) IUJK holders with the Planning Business Sector are obliged to produce construction product designs that comply with the contract and refer to engineering provisions.

(5) IUJK holders are required to fulfill the provisions administration as follows:

- a. report if there is a change in BUJK and individual business data within a maximum period of 14 (fourteen) days after the data change occurs;
- b. submit a year-end report to the SKPD granting the IUJK no later than December of the current year; And
- c. install a company nameplate that includes the IUJK number at the office where the BUJK is domiciled.

(6) The year-end report as intended in paragraph (5) letter b includes:

- a. name and value of the work package obtained;
- b. service user institutions/institutions; And
- c. progress of work implementation.

(7) Report format as intended in paragraph (6) regulated by Regent Regulations.

**CHAPTER VII**  
**SKPD ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT**  
**WHO PROVIDES IUJK**

**Article 18**

(1) The SKPD appointed to carry out the granting of IUJK is obliged to submit a regular accountability report every 3 (three) months to the Regent.

(2) The Regent submits a report on the granting of IUJK to the Governor periodically every 4 (four) months.

(3) The accountability report for granting IUJK as intended in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) includes:

- a. list of new IUJK grants; b. list of IUJK extensions; c. list of IUJK data changes;
- d. list of IUJK closures;
- e. list of individual businesses;
- f. list of BUJKs subject to administrative sanctions; And
- g. supervision and empowerment activities towards IUJK orderliness.

(4) The IUJK Grant Report as intended in paragraph (2) and paragraph (3) is regulated by a Regent's Regulation.

**CHAPTER VIII**  
**SUPERVISION AND EMPOWERMENT**

**Article 19**

(1) The Regent supervises the implementation of IUJK grants in the regions.

(2) The Regent empowers BUJK and Individual Business, which already has an IUJK or Individual Business Identification Card in the region.

(3) Provisions regarding the implementation of supervision and empowerment as intended in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) are regulated by a Regent's Regulation.

**CHAPTER IX**  
**INFORMATION SYSTEMS**

**Article 20**

(1) The IUJK granting agency inputs service data IUJK into the Construction Services Information System which at least includes:

- a. BUJK data that already has IUJK;
- b. list of individual businesses;
- c. IUJK valid status; And
- d. status of sanctions against BUJK if any.

(2) IUJK and Individual Business Registration Certificates that have been granted are displayed via internet media.

(3) The SKPD granting IUJK updates service data as intended in paragraph (1) periodically.

CHAPTER X  
ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS

**Article 21**

- (1) Any person or entity that violates the provisions as intended in Article 6 paragraph (2), Article 13, Article 17 paragraph (1), paragraph (2), paragraph (3), paragraph (4), and paragraph (5) , subject to administrative sanctions.**
- (2) Administrative sanctions as intended in paragraph (1) are in the form of:**
  - a. written warning, in the form of a warning that does not stop and eliminate the company's business rights;**
  - b. freezing of IUJK which will result in companies not being permitted to carry out construction work for a while; or**
  - c. revocation of IUJK which will eliminate the company's business rights.**
- (3) The imposition of sanctions on BUJK or individual businesses as intended in paragraph (1) must be announced to the general public, including through the construction services information system and/or notice board of the agency granting the IUJK.**

**Article 22**

**IUJK freezing mechanism as referred to in Article 20 paragraph (2) letter b is as follows:**

- a. sanctions for freezing IUJK are imposed if within a period of 30 (thirty) days after the written warning is issued they do not fulfill their obligations;**
- b. SKPD granting IUJK provides a certificate of freezing of IUJK to IUJK holders who are subject to freezing sanctions;**
- c. blacklisted; And**
- d. IUJK that has been frozen can be reinstated if the BUJK or individual business has fulfilled its obligations.**

**Article 23**

**The mechanism for reintroducing IUJK as intended in Article 21 letter d is as follows:**

- a. the company submits a written application for reinstatement of the IUJK along with evidence that it has fulfilled its obligations to the SKPD granting the permit;**
- b. The SKPD granting the permit examines the application files and carries out field verification if necessary;**

- c. if the application documents along with evidence of fulfillment of obligations are declared complete, then the SKPD granting the permit can provide a letter of reinstatement of the IUJK;
- d. The SKPD granting the permit announces it to the general public, including through the construction services information system and/or notice board of the IUJK issuing agency.

#### **Article 24**

**BUJK or individual businesses will be subject to IUJK revocation sanctions if:**

- a. has been subject to 2 (two) IUJK suspension sanctions time;
- b. is receiving sanctions for freezing the IUJK as intended in Article 21 but is still carrying out work; or
- c. has been proven to cause construction failure and/or building failure as determined by the service user.

#### **Article 25**

**Business Entities or individual businesses that violate the provisions of Article 6 paragraph (1), Article 15 paragraph (1) and Article 17 paragraph (1) will be subject to an administrative fine of up to Rp. 50,000,000.00 (fifty million rupiah) and blacklisted.**

### **CHAPTER XI** **TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS**

#### **Article 26**

**When this Regional Regulation comes into force, then:**

- 1. IUJK granted before the promulgation of this Regional Regulation is declared to remain valid until the expiration date of the permit.
- 2. In the event that the Expertise Certificate and/or Skills Certificate for the Person in Charge of Engineering is not sufficient in the area then it can be used:
  - a. Education and Training Certificate with construction management material issued by a training institution/institution with a maximum validity period of 2 (two) years; or b. Temporary Certificate issued by the agency in charge of construction services stating that the person concerned is competent as the Person in Charge of Engineering with a maximum validity period of 2 (two) years.

CHAPTER XII

**CLOSING**

**Article 27**

**This local regulation are applied at the date stated.**

**So that everyone is aware, this Regulation is ordered to be placed in the Regional Gazette of Sukoharjo Regency.**

**Stipulated in Sukoharjo on  
February 25 2013**

**REGENT SUKOHARJO,**

signed

**Promulgated in Sukoharjo  
on May 30, 2013**

**WARDOYO WIJAYA**

**REGIONAL SECRETARY  
SUKOHARJO DISTRICT,**

signed

**AGUS SANTOSA**

**SUKOHARJO DISTRICT REGIONAL GAZETTE  
YEAR 2013 NUMBER 2**

**The copy corresponds to the original  
HEAD OF LEGAL SECTION,**

**TEGUH PRAMONO, SH, MH**

**NIP**

**Trustee. 19710429 199803 1 003**

**EXPLANATION  
ON  
REGIONAL REGULATIONS OF SUKOHARJO DISTRICT  
NUMBER 1 OF 2013  
ABOUT  
CONSTRUCTION SERVICES BUSINESS LICENSE**

**I. GENERAL**

**Construction services are one of the activities in the economic, social and cultural fields which have an important role in achieving various targets to support the realization of national development goals.**

**In an effort to improve the construction sector, the central government, in this case the Construction Development Agency of the Ministry of Public Works, encourages and facilitates regional governments to issue regional regulations (Perda) regarding the granting of construction service permits (IUJK).**

**II. ARTICLE BY ARTICLE**

**article 1**

**Quite clear.**

**Section 2**

**What is meant by "principle of honesty" implies that the process of granting IUJK must be based on good faith and not attempt to manipulate.**

**What is meant by "principle of justice" contains the meaning of awareness of the function in the orderly administration of services construction and is responsible for fulfilling various obligations in order to obtain its rights.**

**What is meant by "benefit principle" implies that all construction service activities must be carried out based on the principles of professionalism in ability and responsibility, efficiency and effectiveness which can guarantee the realization of optimal added value for the parties in providing construction services and for the national interest.**

**What is meant by "harmony principle" contains the meaning of harmony in the interaction between service users and service providers in carrying out environmentally sound construction work to produce quality products and highly useful.**

**What is meant by "principle of balance"** means that the implementation of construction work must be based on principles that guarantee the realization of a balance between the capabilities of service providers and the burden

it works. Service users in determining service providers are obliged to comply with this principle, to ensure that the most suitable service provider is selected, and on the other hand can provide opportunities Proportional equality in employment opportunities among service providers.

**What is meant by "principle of independence"** implies the growth and development of the competitiveness of national construction services.

**What is meant by "principle of openness"** is the meaning of the availability of information that can be accessed so as to provide opportunities for the parties, the realization of transparency in construction work which enables the parties to carry out their obligations optimally and certainty of rights and to obtain them as well as allowing for corrections so that they can be avoided. the existence of various shortcomings and irregularities.

**What is meant by "principle of partnership"** implies a harmonious, open, reciprocal and synergistic working relationship between the parties.

**What is meant by "principle of security"** implies the fulfillment of the orderly provision of construction services and environmental safety.

**What is meant by "safety principles"** contains the meaning of fulfilling the orderly provision of construction services, and work safety, as well as the utilization of work results. construction while still taking into account the public interest.

### **Article 3**

Quite clear.

### **Article 4**

Quite clear.

### **Article 5**

Paragraph (1)

Quite clear.

Paragraph (2)

Quite clear.

Paragraph (3)

**Integrated construction services can be carried out by service providers or consortiums of service providers who have competence in planning business, and/or implementation business, and/or construction supervision business, and/or others in accordance with the required service characteristics.**

Paragraph (4)

**Quite clear.**

Paragraph (5)

**Quite clear.**

## **Article 6**

Paragraph (1)

**Quite clear.**

Paragraph (2)

**Classification and qualification are registration activities for establishing business in the construction sector.**

Paragraph (3)

**Quite clear.**

## **Article 7**

**Quite clear.**

## **Article 8**

**Quite clear.**

## **Article 9**

**Quite clear.**

## **Article 10**

Paragraph (1)

**Quite clear.**

Paragraph (2)

**Letter a**

**Number 1**

**Quite clear.**

**Number 2**

**Quite clear.**

**Number 3**

**Quite clear.**

**Number 4**

**Quite clear.**

**Number 5**

**What is meant by "Black List" is a list containing the identities of goods/services providers and/or guarantee issuers who are subject to sanctions by budget users in the form of a prohibition on participating in the goods/services procurement process.**

**Letter b****Number 1**

**Quite clear.**

**Number 2**

**Quite clear.**

**Number 3**

**Quite clear.**

**Number**

**4 is clear enough.**

**Number 5**

**Quite clear.**

**Paragraph (3)**

**Quite clear.**

**Paragraph (4)**

**Quite clear.**

**Article 11**

**Quite clear.**

**Article 12****Paragraph (1)**

**Each BUJK must have a person in charge of engineering. The expertise of this person in charge of engineering is expected to ensure that the BUJK operates in accordance with procedures so that it does not harm the environment.**

**Paragraph (2)**

**Apart from having skills and expertise in accordance with their field, the person responsible for engineering must have managerial abilities in the field of work implementation, such as financial administration, quality control, and occupational safety and health.**

**Article 13**

**Quite clear.**

**Article 14**

**Quite clear.**

**Article 15**

**Quite clear.**

**Article 16**

Quite clear.

**Article 17**

Quite clear.

**Article 18**

Quite clear.

**Article 19**

Quite clear.

**Article 20**

Quite clear.

**Article 21**

Quite clear.

**Article 22**

Quite clear.

**Article 23**

Quite clear.

**Article 24**

Quite clear.

**Article 25**

Quite clear.

**Article 26**

Quite clear.

**Article 27**

Quite clear.

**SUPPLEMENTARY SUKOHARJO DISTRICT REGIONAL GAZETTE**

**NUMBER 203**