

REGENT SUKOHARJO  
CENTRAL JAVA PROVINCE  
SUKOHARJO DISTRICT REGIONAL REGULATION  
NUMBER 2 OF 2024  
ABOUT THE ORGANIZATION  
OF SPORTS

WITH THE GRACE OF GOD ALMIGHTY THE  
REGENT OF SUKOHARJO,

- Considering :
- a. that development in the field of sports is an effort to improve the quality of human life physically, spiritually, and socially in realizing a healthy society, has competence, sportsmanship, competitiveness, and high fighting power organized in a planned, integrated, and sustainable manner;
  - b. that in order to achieve the development goals in the field of sports as referred to in letter a, strategic efforts are needed, so that the resources referred to in letter a can be utilized in the field of sports.  
available can be optimized for progress;
  - c. that based on Law Number 11 of 2022 concerning Sports, the organization of sports in Sukoharjo Regency needs to be carried out based on arrangements that can be implemented effectively;
  - d. that based on the considerations as referred to in letters a, b, and c, it is necessary to stipulate Regional Regulations concerning the Implementation of Sports;

- Remembering :
1. Article 18 paragraph (6) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia;
  2. Law No. 13 of 1950 Concerning the Establishment of Regency Regions within the Province of Central Java as amended by Law No. 9 of 1965 Concerning the Establishment of Batang Level II Region by amending Law No. 13 of 1950 Concerning the Establishment of Regency Regions within the Province of Central Java (State Gazette of 1965 No. 52, Supplement to State Gazette of 1965).  
State Number 2757);

3. Law Number 23 of 2014 concerning Regional Government (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2014 Number 244, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5587) as amended several times most recently by Law Number 6 of 2023 concerning Stipulation of Government Regulation in Lieu of Law Number 2 of 2022 concerning Job Creation into Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2023 Number 41, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
4. Law Number 11 of 2022 concerning Sports (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2022 Number 71, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6782);
5. Law Number 11 of 2023 concerning Central Java Province (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2023 Number 58, Supplement to the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6867);

By mutual consent

REGIONAL PEOPLE'S REPRESENTATIVE COUNCIL OF SUKOHARJO DISTRICT

and

REGENT OF SUKOHARJO DECIDED:

Establish: REGULATION DAERAH ABOUT ORGANIZATION OF SPORTS.

#### CHAPTER I

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

##### Article 1

In this Regional Regulation what is meant by:

1. The region is Sukoharjo Regency.
2. The Regional Government is the Regent as an organizing element of the Regional Government who leads the implementation of Government affairs which are the authority of the autonomous region.
3. Regent is the Regent of Sukoharjo.
4. The Regional Apparatus is an auxiliary element of the Regent and the Regional House of Representatives of the Regency in the implementation of government affairs which fall under the authority of the Regency.
5. Sports are all activities that involve the mind, body, and soul in an integrated and systematic manner to encourage, foster, and develop physical, spiritual, social, and cultural potential.

6. Sports is all aspects related to sports that require regulation, education, training, coaching, development, improvement, supervision, and evaluation.
7. National Sports is Sports based on Pancasila and the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia which is rooted in Sports values, Indonesian national culture, and responsive to the demands of Sports development.
8. Sports Actors are every person and/or group of people who are directly involved in Sports activities which include sportsmen, sports coaches, and sports personnel.
9. Sportsmen are Sportsmen who participate in Sports training and championships regularly, systematically, integrated, tiered, and sustainable to achieve achievements.
10. Exercisers are people who exercise in an effort to develop physical, spiritual, social and cultural potential.
11. Sports coach is a person who has interest and knowledge, leadership, managerial ability, and/or funding dedicated to the interests of sports coaching and development.
12. Sports Personnel are individuals who have qualifications and certificates of competence in the field of Sports.
13. The Business World is Micro Businesses, Small Businesses, Medium Businesses, and Large Businesses that conduct economic activities in Indonesia and are domiciled in Indonesia.
14. Society is an individual Indonesian citizen, community group, and / or community organization that has attention and role in the field of Sports.
15. Supporters are individuals or groups of people who support and have special attention to certain sports.
16. Community Sports are Sports carried out by the Community based on the hobbies and abilities that grow and develop in accordance with the conditions and cultural values of the local community which are carried out continuously for health, fitness and joy.
17. Sports Achievement is a sport that fosters and develops Sportsmen in a planned, systematic, integrated, tiered, and sustainable manner through competition to achieve achievements with the support of Sports science and technology.
18. Amateur Sports are Sports that are done on the basis of a love or passion for sports.

19. Professional Sports are Sports that are conducted to obtain income in the form of money or other forms based on sports skills.
20. Sports for Persons with Disabilities is a sport that is carried out in accordance with the condition of a person's physical, intellectual, mental, and/or sensory disabilities.
21. Achievement is the result achieved by athletes or groups in sports activities.
22. The Sports Industry is an economic activity in the field of Sports in the form of goods and/or services that provide added value or higher benefits and have an impact on the economy of society and Sports.
23. Sports Award is an acknowledgment of achievements in the field of sports which are realized in the form of material and / or non-material.
24. Sports Infrastructure is a place or space including the environment used for Sports activities and / or the organization of Sports.
25. Sports Facilities are equipment and equipment used for Sports activities.
26. Doping is the use of prohibited substances and or methods to improve Sports Performance and any form of violation of anti-doping rules.
27. Sports Development is a conscious effort that is carried out systematically to achieve Sports goals.
28. Sports Organization is a group of people who cooperate by forming an organization for the implementation of Sports in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
29. Parent Sports Organization is a Sports Organization that fosters, develops, and coordinates 1 (one) branch of Sport, type of Sport, or a combination of Sports branch organizations from 1 (one) type of Sport which is a member of an international Sports branch federation.
30. Every Person is an individual, group of people, community organization, and/or business entity in the form of a legal entity or not.
31. National Sports Standards are the minimum criteria for aspects related to national sports coaching and development.

## CHAPTER II PRINCIPLES, OBJECTIVES, SCOPE

### Article 2

Sport is organized on the principle of:

- a. nationality;

- b. mutual cooperation;
- c. justice;
- d. acculturation;
- e. Benefits;
- f. diversity;
- g. participatory;
- h. integration;
- i. sustainability;
- j. accessibility;
- k. sportsmanship;
- l. democratic;
- m. accountability; and
- n. order and legal certainty.

#### Article

3 Sport aims to:

- a. maintain and improve health and fitness, achievement, intelligence, and human quality;
- b. instill moral values and noble character, sportsmanship, competitiveness, and discipline;
- c. strengthen and foster national unity;
- d. strengthening national resilience; and
- e. elevate the dignity and honor of the nation.

#### Article 4

The scope of this Regional Regulation includes:

- a. rights and obligations;
- b. duties, powers and responsibilities of the Regional Government;
- c. type of sport;
- d. sports coaching and development;
- e. sports management;
- f. organization of sports championships;
- g. Sports Performers;
- h. sports infrastructure and facilities;
- i. sports funding;
- j. development of sports science and technology and sports information;
- k. community participation;
- l. cooperation;
- m. Sports Industry;
- n. sports and social security awards; and
- o. surveillance.

CHAPTER III  
RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS  
Part One  
Parental Rights and Obligations

Article 5

- (1) Parents have the right to direct, guide, assist, supervise, and obtain information about their child's Sports development.
- (2) Parents are obligated:
  - a. encourage their children to actively participate in sports; and
  - b. protect their children from threats to safety, physical and mental health due to training that is not in accordance with the child's developmental level in sports.

Second Part

Rights and Obligations of the Community and the Business World

Article 6

- (1) Communities and Businesses have the right to participate in the planning, development, implementation, and supervision of Sports activities.
- (2) The Community and the Business World have the right to obtain knowledge about Sports and information on the progress of national Sports and/or information on the progress of Sports in the Region.
- (3) The Community and Business World are obliged to provide resource support in the organization of Sports.

Third Part

Rights and Obligations of Local Government

Article 7

- (1) The Regional Government has the right to direct, guide, assist, and supervise the implementation of Sports in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (2) The Regional Government is obliged to provide services and facilities and ensure the implementation of Sports activities for the community without discrimination.

CHAPTER IV  
GOVERNMENT DUTIES, POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES  
DAERAH

Article 8

- (1) Local governments have duties:
  - a. establish and implement Sports policy in the Region based on Sports policy; and
  - b. coordinate, supervise, and evaluate the implementation of Sports policies in the Region based on Sports policies.
- (2) The Regional Government implements Sports policy by considering Regional potential and Regional conditions.

Article 9 Local

governments have the authority:

- a. implement the national Sports grand design in the Region by establishing the Regional Sports design;
- b. organize, foster, and develop Sports in the Region; and
- c. coordinate, implement, supervise, and evaluate the organization of Sports in the Region.

Article 10

Duties and authorities as referred to in Article 8 paragraph (1) and Article 9, implemented by the Regional Apparatus that organizes government affairs in the field of Sports.

Article 11

The Regional Government is responsible for realizing the purpose of organizing Sports.

Article 12

Further provisions regarding the duties, authorities, and responsibilities of the Regional Government as referred to in Article 8 through Article 11 are regulated in a Regent Regulation.

CHAPTER V  
TYPES OF SPORTS

Article 13 The

scope of Sports includes activities:

- a. Sports education;
- b. Community Sports; and
- c. Sports Achievement.

## Article 14

- (1) Sports education as referred to in Article 13 letter a is organized to instill character values and gain the knowledge, skills and attitudes needed to build a lifelong active healthy lifestyle.
- (2) Sports education as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out both in formal education channels through intracurricular and / or extracurricular activities, as well as non-formal through forms of activities in accordance with needs.
- (3) Sports education starts at an early age based on the growth and development of the learners.
- (4) Sports education in formal education is carried out at every level of education starting from kindergarten to junior high school / equivalent.
- (5) Sports education in non-formal education pathways can be carried out by being guided by tutors in a structured and tiered manner and can be assisted by other Sports Personnel.
- (6) Sports education as referred to in paragraph (4) is carried out by being guided by Sports teachers and can be assisted by other Sports Personnel prepared by each education unit.
- (7) Each education unit organizes joint sports at least 1 (one) time a week except school holidays.
- (8) Education units organize types of Sports according to the interests and talents of students.
- (9) The education unit as referred to in paragraph (6) is obliged to prepare Sports Infrastructure and educational Sports Facilities in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (10) Each educational unit needs to conduct Sports championships and/or Sports festivals in accordance with the level of growth and development of students periodically between educational units of the same level in order to foster a sense of brotherhood, social skills, and learn to compete.
- (11) Sports Championships and/or Sports festivals of education units as referred to in paragraph (8) may be continued at the Regional level.



## Article 15

- (1) Community Sports can be carried out by Everyone, educational units, institutions, associations, or Sports Organizations.
- (2) Community Sports aims to:
  - a. cultivate physical activity;
  - b. fosters excitement;
  - c. maintain, restore and improve health and fitness;
  - d. building social relationships;
  - e. preserve and improve wealth  
Regional and national culture;
  - f. strengthen interaction social interaction that  
conducive and strengthen national  
resilience; and
  - g. increase the productivity of the national economy.
- (3) The Regional Government and the Community are obliged to explore, develop and promote Community Sports.
- (4) The Regional Government protects and determines the types of Community Sports.
- (5) Every person who organizes certain Community Sports that contain risks to environmental sustainability, maintenance of infrastructure and facilities, and safety and health shall:
  - a. comply with the provisions and procedures set out in accordance with the type of Sport;
  - b. provide instructors or guides who have qualifications in accordance with the type of Sport and/or have a certificate of competence; and
  - c. providing competent health workers.
- (6) Community Sports as referred to in paragraph (5) must meet the requirements set by the association or Sports Organization and supported by Sports science and technology.
- (7) Every person who conducts Community Sports may form a Community Sports Association.
- (8) The Community Sports Association as referred to in paragraph (7) can receive funding assistance from the Regional revenue and expenditure budget.
- (9) The formation of the Community Sports Association as referred to in paragraph (7) shall be carried out in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (10) Every person who organizes certain Community Sports that contain risks to environmental sustainability, maintenance of infrastructure and facilities, and safety and health by violating the obligations as referred to in paragraph (5) may be subject to administrative sanctions in the form of written warnings or termination of activities.

- (11) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (10) shall be regulated in a Regent Regulation.

#### Article 16

- (1) Sports Achievement is intended as an effort to improve the ability and potential of Athletes in order to improve the dignity of the nation.
- (2) Sports Achievement is carried out by Everyone who has the talent, ability, and potential to achieve Achievement.
- (3) Sports Achievement is carried out through coaching and development in a planned, systematic, integrated, tiered, and sustainable manner with the support of Sports science and technology.
- (4) The Regional Government, and/or the Community are obliged to organize, supervise and control Achievement Sports activities.
- (5) To advance Achievement Sports, the Regional Government, and / or the Community can:
  - a. forming a Sports association;
  - b. makes it easy to become a member of a Sports club;
  - c. empowering an effective and efficient research and development center for Sports science and technology with international standards;
  - d. develop an Achievement Sports coaching center;
  - e. conduct coaching ability managerial skills of Sports Organizations;
  - f. provide education and training to Sports Personnel;
  - g. provide Sports Infrastructure and Sports Achievement Facilities;
  - h. develop a Sports talent scouting and development system;
  - i. develop a Sports information system;
  - j. develop a welfare system for Athletes and Sports Personnel;
  - k. conducting Athlete Achievement ability trials at regional, national and international levels as needed;
  - l. develop a coach qualification development and promotion system;
  - m. developing technology-based Sports; and
  - n. establish special sportsman classes in basic education units, or special schools for sustainable sportsmen.

CHAPTER VI  
SPORTS COACHING AND DEVELOPMENT  
General Part One

Article 17

- (1) The Regional Government fosters and develops digital/electronic technology-based Sports.
- (2) Sports as referred to in paragraph (1) are organized within the scope of Achievement Sports, Education Sports, and Community Sports.
- (3) In doing Sports as referred to in paragraph (1) remains oriented towards fitness, health, and social interaction.
- (4) Sports as referred to in paragraph (1) are encouraged to support the development of the Sports Industry.
- (5) Sports as referred to in paragraph (1) is organized with due regard to human values, social, cultural, physical literacy, security, norms of decency and decency, in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (6) To ensure the safety and health of Athletes in every training activity and competition, the coach or activity organizer must provide health workers in accordance with the needs of Achievement Sports.
- (7) The coach or organizer of activities that do not provide health workers in accordance with the needs of Achievement Sports as referred to in paragraph (6) may be subject to administrative sanctions in the form of written warnings or termination of activities.
- (8) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (7) shall be regulated in a Regent Regulation.

Article 18

- (1) Sports coaching and development is carried out as an integral part of national and regional development.
- (2) The Regional Government provides guidance and development of Sports in accordance with its authority and responsibility.
- (3) Sports coaching and development as referred to in paragraph (1) includes Sportsmen, personnel, organization, funding, methods, infrastructure and facilities, and Sports Awards.

- (4) Sports coaching and development is carried out systematically through the stages of introduction, monitoring, scouting, sustainable talent development, and achievement improvement.
- (5) Sports coaching and development is carried out through family pathways, education pathways, and community pathways based on the development of Sports for everyone that lasts throughout life.
- (6) Sports coaching and development as referred to in paragraph (5) aims to:
  - a. character building;
  - b. provide basic sports knowledge;
  - c. improve the degree of fitness and health; and
  - d. create lifelong healthy and active lifestyle habits.

#### Article 19

- (1) The community can actively foster and develop Sports through various Sports activities, both those carried out at the encouragement of the Central Government and / or Regional Governments and on their own initiative.
- (2) Sports coaching and development by the Community as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out by Sports associations in the local community.
- (3) The community in fostering and developing sports as referred to in paragraph (1).
  - (1) and paragraph (2) may form Sports branch organizations that do not conflict with the Law.

#### Article 20

Regional and private devices are obliged to organize periodic and sustainable Sports coaching and development for their employees to improve recovery, health, fitness, mental well-being, social relations, and work quality and productivity in accordance with their respective conditions.

### Second Part

#### Coaching and Development of Educational Sports

#### Article 21

- (1) The guidance and development of Sports Education is carried out by the education unit level.
- (2) The guidance and development of educational sports is carried out and directed as a systemic and sustainable unit with the national education system.

- (3) Guidance and development of sports education is carried out through learning conducted by physical education and sports teachers who meet qualifications and competencies and are supported by the availability of learning resources, sports infrastructure, and sports facilities by considering regional capabilities.
- (4) The guidance and development of educational sports at all levels of education is guided by the national curriculum which is complemented by extracurricular programs.
- (5) Sports education coaching and development is carried out by paying attention to the potential, abilities, interests and talents of students as a whole, both through intracurricular and extracurricular activities.
- (6) The coaching and development of educational sports as referred to in paragraph (3) is carried out regularly, gradually, and continuously by paying attention to the level of growth and development of students.
- (7) To develop Sports Achievements in educational institutions, in each educational pathway, Sports activity units, Sports clubs, Sports classes, coaching and training centers, Sports schools, and the holding of tiered and sustainable Sports competitions can be formed.
- (8) Sports activity units, Sports clubs, Sports classes, coaching and training centers, or Sports schools as referred to in paragraph (6) are accompanied by Sports coaches who have competency certificates from the Parent Sports Branch Organization.
- (9) The coaching and development of educational Sports can apply a Sports-based learning approach, Sports modification, and/or a movement-based approach by utilizing various games, traditional Sports, and outdoor activities.
- (10) The coaching and development of educational sports for all learners must carry out learning evaluations related to physical literacy which includes knowledge, skills, abilities and attitudes.
- (11) Students who carry out and develop interests and talents in Sports for Achievement must be given educational services according to their needs.

Third Part  
Community Sports Development and Coaching

Article 22

- (1) The guidance and development of Community Sports is carried out by the Regional Government and / or the Community by building and utilizing potential resources, Sports Infrastructure, and Community Sports Facilities.
- (2) The guidance and development of Community Sports is an integral part of development in the health sector.
- (3) The guidance and development of Community Sports is carried out and directed to mainstream Sports as an effort to develop Community awareness in improving health, fitness, excitement, and social relations.
- (4) Guidance and development of traditional Community Sports is carried out by exploring, developing, preserving, and utilizing traditional Sports in the Community.
- (5) Community Sports coaching and development is carried out based on the Community by paying attention to the principles of easy, cheap, interesting, benefits, and mass.
- (6) The guidance and development of Community Sports is carried out as an effort to develop centers and activate Sports associations in the Community, increase Sports tourism, and organize tiered and sustainable Community Sports festivals at the Regional, national and international levels.
- (7) The provisions as referred to in paragraphs (1) through (6) shall be implemented with an orientation towards environmental insight.

Fourth Part  
Coaching and Development of Sports Achievement

Article 23

- (1) The coaching and development of Sports Achievement is carried out and directed to achieve Sports Achievement at the Regional, national and international levels.
- (2) The coaching and development of Sports Achievement as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out by the Parent Organization of Sports Branches at the Regional level.

- (3) The coaching and development of Sports Achievement as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) is carried out by coaches who have qualifications and competency certificates which can be assisted by other Sports Personnel with a science and technology approach.
- (4) The coaching and development of Sports Achievement in addition to being carried out through the channels as referred to in Article 18 paragraph (5) is also carried out through club channels, Sports coaching centers, government agencies / Indonesian National Army / Indonesian National Police, and / or private.
- (5) The coaching and development of Sports Achievement as referred to in paragraphs (1) to (4) is carried out by empowering Sports associations, developing Regional Sports coaching centers, and organizing tiered and sustainable competitions.
- (6) The coaching and development of Sports Achievement as referred to in paragraph (5) involves potential young sportsmen from the results of monitoring, scouting, and talent development as a regeneration process.
- (7) The coaching and development of Achievement Sports must be supported by the cooperation of parents, school/college/agency leaders, and/or club leaders/Sports Organizations.

#### Fifth Section

#### Amateur Sports Coaching and Development

#### Article 24

The coaching and development of Amateur Sports is carried out and directed in accordance with the provisions referred to in Article 21 through Article 23.

#### Sixth Section

#### Professional Sports Coaching and Development

#### Article 25

- (1) Coaching and development Sports Professional Sports is implemented and directed to:
  - a. the creation of Sports Achievement;
  - b. the development of the Athlete's career;
  - c. creation of jobs and businesses;
  - d. increased sources of income; and
  - e. growing Sports Industry.

- (2) The coaching and development of Professional Sports as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be carried out by the Parent Sports Organization and/or Professional Sports Organization.
- (3) The coaching and development of Professional Sports as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) is carried out with an ethical economic and business approach.

#### Seventh Section

#### Sports Development of Persons with Disabilities

#### Article 26

- (1) The coaching and development of Sports for Persons with Disabilities is carried out and directed as an effort to realize equality in sports to increase self-confidence, health, fitness, and sports achievements.
- (2) The coaching and development of Sports of Persons with Disabilities is carried out by the Indonesian Paralympic Committee, Sports of Persons with Disabilities organizations, and/or the Parent Organization of Sports Branches through organizational capacity building, education and training activities, and tiered and sustainable competitions at the Regional, national and international levels.
- (3) Guidance and development of Sports of Persons with Disabilities as referred to in paragraph (2) can be carried out in disability service units.
- (4) The coaching and development of Sports of Persons with Disabilities is organized within the scope of educational Sports, Community Sports, and Achievement Sports based on the type of Sports in accordance with the conditions of physical, intellectual, mental, and/or sensory disabilities.
- (5) The coaching and development of Sports of Persons with Disabilities is carried out by the Indonesian Paralympic Committee, Sports of Persons with Disabilities organizations, and/or the Parent Organization of Sports Branches at the regional level by emphasizing the improvement of managerial skills through continuous education and training.
- (6) The coaching and development of Sports for Persons with Disabilities applies the Sports Achievement coaching model for non-disabled athletes by adjusting the classification of physical, intellectual, mental, and/or sensory disabilities.



## Article 27

Further provisions regarding the guidance and development of Sports as referred to in Article 17 through Article 26 are regulated in Regent Regulations.

CHAPTER VII SPORTS  
MANAGEMENT

## Article 28

- (1) The Regional Government carries out planning, coaching, development, implementation of standardization, and mobilization of Sports resources based on local excellence in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (2) The Regional Government manages at least 2 (two) leading sports that are of national and / or international standard.

## Article 29

- (1) For legal certainty of protection for Sportsmen and Sports Actors in improving Achievement, the Community forms 1 (one) Main Sports Branch Organization.
- (2) The Parent Organization of Sports Branches as referred to in paragraph (1) may form branches of Sports Organizations in the Region.
- (3) The Parent Organization of Sports Branches as referred to in paragraph (1) is independent and professionally managed by administrators who have Sports competence.
- (4) The Parent Sports Organization as referred to in paragraph (1) has the task of managing, fostering, and developing Sports.
- (5) The Parent Organization of Sports Branches as referred to in paragraph (1) has the authority to formulate and determine the management model, the implementation of coaching, and the development of Sports.
- (6) The Regional Government provides grants to the Parent Organization of Sports Branches sourced from the Regional revenue and expenditure budget whose sports priorities are determined in the Regional Sports design.
- (7) Grants as referred to in paragraph (6) are given in accordance with the Regional financial capacity.
- (8) The grant mechanism as referred to in paragraph (7) shall be implemented in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

### Article 30

- (1) Sports Management in the Region is carried out by the Regional Government with the assistance of the national sports committee in the Region.
- (2) The national Sports Committee in the Region as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be formed by the Parent Sports Organization in the Region.
- (3) The national sports committee in the Region as referred to in paragraph (1) is independent and professionally managed by administrators who have Sports competence.
- (4) The organization of the national Sports committee in the Region as referred to in paragraph (1) shall be determined by the provisions of laws and regulations.

### Article 31

- (1) The National Sports Committee in the Region has the task:
  - a. coordinate with Sports branch organizations at the Regional level in the context of developing and fostering Sports Achievement;
  - b. assist the Regional Government in organizing the Regional Sports week;
  - c. assist Sports branch organizations in the development and excavation of Sportsmen seeds in the Region; and
  - d. assisting Sports organizations in the Region in the promotion of potential Sports branches.
- (2) The National Sports Committee in the Region has the authority:
  - a. provide input to the Regional Government in formulating Regional policies in the field of management, coaching, and development of Achievement Sports;
  - b. coordinate the Parent Organization of Sports Branches and the parent of functional Sports Organizations in the Region; and
  - c. determine and prepare the implementation of the participation of Sports Achievement branches in Sports activities that are cross-regional and national in nature.

### Article 32

The management of the national Sports committee in the Region is independent, has competence in the field of Sports, and is elected by the Community in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

### Article 33

Further provisions regarding the management of Sports as referred to in Article 28 through Article 32 are regulated in Regent Regulations.

CHAPTER VIII ORGANIZING  
SPORTS CHAMPIONSHIPS

Article 34

- (1) Every Sports championship organized by the Regional Government, and / or the Community must pay attention to the purpose of Sports and the principles of organizing Sports.
- (2) Organizers who do not fulfill the obligation to pay attention to the purpose of Sports and the principle of organizing Sports as referred to in paragraph (2) may be subject to administrative sanctions in the form of written warnings.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be regulated in a Regent Regulation.

Article 35

The organization of Sports championships as referred to in Article 34 includes:

- a. Regional, national and/or international sports championships;  
and
- b. regional sports week.

Article 36

The organization of Sports championships as referred to in Article 35 aims to:

- a. socializing Sport;
- b. capturing potential sports seeds;
- c. improve health and fitness;
- d. improve Sports Achievement;
- e. maintain national unity and integrity;
- f. enhancing national resilience;
- g. enhancing the dignity of the nation; and
- h. realize a sense of mutual respect  
diversity among nations.

Article 37

The organization of Sports championships as referred to in Article 35 is carried out with the principle:

- a. Efficiency;
- b. excellence;
- c. Measurable;
- d. accountable;
- e. systematic; and
- f. sustainable.

Article 38

- (1) The Regional Government is responsible for the implementation of the Regional Sports Week.
- (2) The Parent Organization of Sports Branches is responsible for the implementation of the Sports championship as referred to in Article 35 letter a.
- (3) The Disabled Sports Organization is responsible for the organization of the Disabled Sports week.

Article 39

- (1) Sports championship organizers must meet the technical requirements of the sport, health, safety, regional provisions, security, public order, and public interest.
- (2) Organizers of Sports championships who do not meet the obligations of technical requirements of the branch, health, safety, Regional provisions, security, public order, and public interest as referred to in paragraph (1) may be subject to administrative sanctions in the form of warnings.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be regulated in a Regent Regulation.

Article 40

The organizer of the Sports championship as referred to in Article 39 shall be taxed in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations in the field of taxation.

Article 41

- (1) Organizers of Sports championships that directly bring in mass spectators must get a recommendation from the Parent Organization of the Sports Branch concerned and meet the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (2) The organizer of the Sports championship as referred to in paragraph (1) must have a person in charge of the activity.
- (3) Sports championship organizers must pay attention to spectator rights in every Sports championship.
- (4) The audience rights as referred to in paragraph (4) include:
  - a. expressing support, encouragement, and motivation in Sports championships;
  - b. obtain facilities in accordance with the value of the admission ticket; and
  - c. obtain safety and security guarantees.

- (5) Every spectator in a Sports championship must pay attention to the values of sportsmanship, humanity, social, cultural, norms of decency and decency, and maintain, obey, and/or comply with the provisions required by the organizer of the Sports championship and the provisions of laws and regulations governing order and security.

Article 42

Further provisions regarding the responsibilities of the Regional Government and the Parent Organization of Sports Branches, requirements for organizing Sports championships, and spectators as referred to in Article 38 through Article 41 are regulated in Regent Regulations.

CHAPTER IX  
SPORTS PLAYERS  
Section One  
Sportsmen

Article 43

- (1) Sportsmen include amateur sportsmen and professional sportsmen.
- (2) Athletes with disabilities are Athletes who carry out Sports in accordance with the conditions of physical, intellectual, mental, and / or sensory disabilities.

Article 44

- (1) Amateur Sportsmen carry out Sports activities that are their passion and expertise.
- (2) Amateur Sportsmen as referred to in paragraph (1) have rights:
  - a. improve achievements through sports clubs and/or associations;
  - b. get coaching and development in accordance with the sport of interest;
  - c. participate in Sports championships at all levels after going through selection and/or competition;
  - d. obtain easy permission from agencies to participate in Sports activities at the Regional, national and international levels; and
  - e. switch to Professional Athlete status.

Article 45

- (1) Professional Athletes carry out Sports activities as a profession in accordance with their expertise.

- (2) Every person can become a Professional Sportsman after fulfilling the requirements:
  - a. ever be Sportsman Amateur and/or participated in periodic competitions;
  - b. fulfill provisions employment required; and
  - c. meet the required medical conditions.
- (3) Every Athlete Professional in carry out their profession has the right to:
  - a. accompanied by managers, trainers, health workers, psychologists, legal experts, and other experts as needed;
  - b. participate in championships at all levels in accordance with the provisions;
  - c. receive coaching and development from the Parent Sports Organization, Professional Sports Organization, or functional Sports Organization; and
  - d. earn a decent income in accordance with the standards set by Professional Sports.

#### Article 46

- (1) Sportsmen with disabilities carry out special sports activities for people with disabilities.
- (2) Every Sportsman with disabilities as referred to in paragraph (1) is entitled to:
  - a. improve achievements through clubs and/or associations of Sports of Persons with Disabilities;
  - b. get sports coaching in accordance with the conditions of physical, intellectual, mental, and/or sensory disabilities;
  - c. participate in Regional, national, and international Disabled Sports weeks and championships after going through selection and/or competition;
  - d. obtain Sports Infrastructure and Sports Facilities services that comply with disability standards and are accessible; and
  - e. get the same right to be rewarded according to their achievements.

#### Article

- 47 Every Sportsman shall:
- a. uphold the noble values and good name of the nation and the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia;
  - b. prioritize sportsmanship in every sporting activity that is carried out;
  - c. obey the rules and code of ethics that apply in every branch of Sport that is followed and / or which becomes his profession;

- d. abide by the norms, culture, and customs of the local community; and
- e. take part in maintaining environmental conservation efforts.

Article 48

- (1) Amateur sportsmen receive coaching and development from the Parent Organization of Amateur Sports.
- (2) Professional sportsmen receive coaching and development from Professional Sports and/or join Amateur Sports.

Article 49

The coaching and development of Athletes can be carried out through the movement of Athletes between associations, between regions, and between countries.

Second Section Sports  
Coaches

Article 50

- (1) Sports coaches include coaches of associations, Parent Sports Branch Organizations, or Regional level Sports institutions that have been elected / appointed as administrators.
- (2) Sports coach conducts sports coaching and development in accordance with their duties and functions in the organization.

Article 51

- (1) Sports coaches have the right to obtain increased knowledge, skills, awards, and legal assistance.
- (2) Sports coaches are obligated:
  - (1) carry out guidance and development of Sports Organizations, Sportsmen, Sports Personnel, and Sports funding; and
  - (2) carry out Sports coaching and development in accordance with the principles of organizing Sports.

Article 52

- (1) Sports coaches of foreign nationals serving in any Sports Organization and/or Sports institution shall:
  - a. have the qualifications and competencies;
  - b. obtain a recommendation from the Parent Organization of the Sports Branch concerned;
  - c. obtain permission from the authorized Central Government agency in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations;

- d. abide by the norms, culture, and customs of the local community; and
  - e. transferring knowledge and skills related to Sports coaching in general and/or the specific Sports branch they are coaching.
- (2) Foreign Sports Coaches who violate the provisions of the obligations as referred to in paragraph (1) may be subject to sanctions prohibiting them from carrying out their duties.
  - (3) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be regulated in a Regent Regulation.

Third Section  
Sports Personnel

Article 53

- (1) Sports Personnel consist of coaches, assistant coaches, teachers/lecturers, referees, judges, managers, promoters, administrators, guides, instructors, health workers, biomechanics experts, psychologists, doping supervisors, volunteers, and technical personnel or other designations in accordance with their specialties and participate in organizing Sports activities.
- (2) Sports Personnel in charge of each Sports Organization and / or Sports institution must have qualifications and competency certificates issued by the relevant Sports Branch Parent Organization and / or other Sports Personnel competency certification institutions.
- (3) Sports Personnel are tasked with organizing or carrying out Sports activities in accordance with the field of expertise and / or authority of the Sports Personnel concerned.
- (4) Procurement of Sports Personnel as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out through education and / or training by competent specialized institutions in accordance with their fields.

Article 54

- Sports Personnel in carrying out their profession are entitled to get:
- a. coaching, developing, and improving skills through training; and
  - b. career development, welfare services, legal assistance, and/or awards.



## Article 55

- (1) Foreign Sports Personnel assigned to each Sports Organization and/or Sports institution must:
  - a. have qualifications and competency certificates;
  - b. obtain recommendations from the Sports Branch Parent Organization or other relevant institutions;
  - c. obtain permission from the authorized Central Government agency in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations; and
  - d. abide by the norms, culture and customs of the local community.
- (2) Foreign Sports Personnel in charge of each Sports Organization and/or Sports institution that violates the provisions in paragraph (1) may be subject to sanctions prohibiting them from carrying out their duties.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be regulated in a Regent Regulation.

## Article 56

Further provisions regarding the transfer of Athlete status, professional Athletes, transfer of Athletes, rights and obligations, coaching and development, Sports Coaches, and Sports Personnel as referred to in Article 44 through Article 55 are regulated in Regent Regulations.

## CHAPTER X

## SPORTS INFRASTRUCTURE AND FACILITIES

## Article 57

- (1) Regional Apparatus and Communities are responsible for the planning, procurement, utilization, maintenance and supervision of Sports Infrastructure.
- (2) Regional Devices ensure the availability, manage and maintain Sports Infrastructure and Sports Facilities and open spaces in accordance with their authority based on the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (3) The number and type of Sports Infrastructure built must consider equity in the Region for the benefit of educational Sports, Community Sports, and Achievement Sports equipped with easy access for persons with disabilities by taking into account the principles of sustainable development.
- (4) Sports Infrastructure built in the Region must meet the minimum number and standards set by the Central Government.

- (5) Business entities engaged in housing and settlement development are obliged to provide Sports Infrastructure as public facilities with standards and needs set by the Central Government which are then handed over to the Regional Government as assets/ownership of the Regional Government.
- (6) Business entities engaged in housing and settlement development that do not fulfill the obligations as referred to in paragraph (5) shall be subject to administrative sanctions in accordance with laws and regulations.
- (7) Further provisions regarding the procedures for determining Sports Infrastructure and fulfilling the obligations of business entities engaged in housing and settlement development as referred to in paragraphs (1) to (6) shall be regulated in a Regent Regulation.

## CHAPTER XI SPORTS FUNDING

### Article 58

- (1) Sports Funding is a shared responsibility between the Regional Government, business entities, and the Community.
- (2) The Regional Government is obliged to allocate a Sports budget through the Regional revenue and expenditure budget.

### Article 59

Limited liability companies/business entities participate in providing Community development funds as a manifestation of social responsibility towards the development of Sports.

### Article 60

- (1) Sports funding sources are determined based on the principles of adequacy and sustainability.
- (2) Planning funding Sport is based on needs, programs, and expected achievements.
- (3) Sports funding sources can be obtained from:
  - a. Regional revenue and expenditure budgets;
  - b. Society;
  - c. cooperation;
  - d. business entity donations;
  - e. business results of the Sports Industry; and/or
  - f. other legal and non-binding sources in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

## Article 61

- (1) The Regional Government allocates a budget for Sports funding from the regional revenue and expenditure budget in accordance with the regional financial capacity and considers the target achievement of the implementation of the national Sports grand design which is the authority of the Regional Government.
- (2) The budget allocation as referred to in paragraph (1) may be channeled to the national sports committee in the Region through the provision of grants which are carried out in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

## Article 62

- (1) Sports fund management is carried out based on the principles of fairness, effectiveness, efficiency, transparency and public accountability.
- (2) Sports Funds allocated from the Regional Government, business entities, and the Community are given in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

## Article 63

Further provisions regarding Sports funding and the allocation and management of Sports funds as referred to in Article 58 through Article 62 are regulated in Regent Regulations.

## CHAPTER XII

## DEVELOPMENT OF SPORTS SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND SPORTS INFORMATION

## Article 64

- (1) The Regional Government and / or the Community carry out the development of Sports science and technology on an ongoing basis to advance Sports.
- (2) The Regional Government and / or the Community empowers research and development institutions of Sports science and technology that are useful for advancing Sports Development.
- (3) The results of the development of Sports science and technology as referred to in paragraph (1) are socialized and applied for the advancement of Sports.
- (4) Further provisions regarding the development of Sports science and technology in the Region as referred to in paragraph (1), paragraph (2), and paragraph (3) shall be regulated in a Regent Regulation.

## Article 65

The Regional Government guarantees the availability of data for the benefit of national Sports through the establishment of an integrated National Sports data system as one national Sports data.

## Article 66

- (1) The Regional Government guarantees the availability and dissemination of information to the public for the benefit of Sports Development.
- (2) Regional Governments based on their authority and capabilities can develop and manage National Sports information in accordance with the capabilities and conditions of the Region.

CHAPTER XIII  
COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

## Article 67

- (1) The community has the same and widest opportunity to participate in Sports activities.
- (2) Community participation as referred to in paragraph (1) may be carried out by individuals, groups, families, professional organizations, business entities, or other community organizations in accordance with the principles of openness and partnership.
- (3) The community can play a role as a source, implementer, volunteer, activator, user of results, and/or service of Sports activities.
- (4) The community participates in encouraging Sports Development efforts.

CHAPTER XIV  
COOPERATIO  
N

## Article 68

- (1) The Regional Government and the Community can cooperate with each other in the field of Sports in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (2) Cooperation as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out with due regard to the objectives of Sports and the principles of openness, efficiency, effectiveness and accountability.
- (3) The Regional Government and / or Community can organize international cooperation in the field of Sports and is carried out in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

CHAPTER XV  
SPORTS INDUSTRY

Article 69

Every implementation of the Sports Industry carried out by the Regional Government and / or the Community must pay attention to the goals of Sports and the principles of organizing Sports.

Article 70

- (1) The Sports Industry can take the form of infrastructure and facilities that are produced, sold, and/or leased to the Community.
- (2) In addition to infrastructure and facilities, the Sports Industry can take the form of sales services for Sports activities as the main product that is packaged professionally which includes:
  - a. national and international championships;
  - b. week Sports region, regional, national, and international;
  - c. Sports promotions, exhibitions and festivals;
  - d. education and training;
  - e. professional services;
  - f. Agency, services information, and Sports consultancy;
  - g. outdoor activities;
  - h. management of Supporters; or
  - i. other Sports activities that can support the Sports Industry.
- (3) The Sports Industry as referred to in paragraph (2) is directed to the development of Sports tourism.
- (4) The implementation of the Sports Industry as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) aims to support the improvement of community welfare and economic growth.
- (5) The people who carry out the Sports Industry business as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) may cooperate with the Central Government, Regional Governments, Sports Organizations, and / or other organizations, both domestically and abroad.
- (6) In carrying out the cooperation as referred to in paragraph (5), the Community forms a business entity in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- (7) People who do business in the Sports service industry pay attention to the welfare of Sports Performers and the advancement of Sports.

## Article 71

- (1) The guidance and development of the Sports Industry is carried out through mutually beneficial cooperation in order to realize independent and professional Sports activities.
- (2) The Regional Government facilitates the establishment of coaching centers and the development of the Sports Industry.
- (3) The Regional Government facilitates the realization of cooperation between Sports Industry players, universities, Sports communities, mass media, and other stakeholders.

## CHAPTER XVI

## SPORTS AND SOCIAL SECURITY AWARDS

## Article 72

- (1) Every Sportsman, Sports Actors, Sports Organizations, government institutions, private, business entities, and individuals who excel and/or have contributed in advancing Sports are given Sports Awards.
- (2) Sports Awards as referred to in paragraph (1) are given by the Regional Government, Sports Organizations, other organizations, business entities, and/or individuals.
- (3) The Sports Awards as referred to in paragraph (2) shall be implemented by taking into account the data and information contained in the Sports data and information system.
- (4) Sports Awards can take the form of providing facilities, scholarships, jobs, extraordinary promotions, honors, citizenship, welfare, and/or other forms of awards that are beneficial to the award recipient.
- (5) The provision of Sports Awards as referred to in paragraph (4) by the Regional Government is accompanied by life skills guidance to Sportsmen.
- (6) The Sports Awards as referred to in paragraph (4) in the form of scholarships and welfare are provided by the Regional Government on an ongoing basis.
- (7) Further provisions regarding the granting, form, implementation of granting, and standards for granting Sports Awards as referred to in paragraphs (1) through (6) are regulated in Regent Regulations.

Article 73

- (1) Sportsmen and Sports Performers are provided with social security protection.
- (2) Social security protection as referred to in paragraph (1) is provided by the Regional Government, Sports Organizations, other organizations, business entities, and/or individuals.
- (3) Social security protection as referred to in paragraph (1) is part of the National Social Security System which is implemented in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.

CHAPTER XVII

SUPERVISION

Article 74

- (1) The Regional Government and the Community supervise the implementation of Sports.
- (2) Supervision as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out with the principles of transparency and accountability.
- (3) Supervision as referred to in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) is conducted through:
  - a. internal control;
  - b. coordination;
  - c. reporting;
  - d. monitoring; and
  - e. Evaluation.
- (4) Further provisions regarding the supervision procedures as referred to in paragraphs (1) through (3) shall be regulated in a Regent Regulation.

CHAPTER XVIII

CLOSING PROVISIONS

Article 75

Regent Regulations as implementing regulations for this Regional Regulation shall be stipulated no later than 1 (one) year after this Regional Regulation is promulgated.

Article 76

This Regional Regulation shall come into force on the date of promulgation.

In order that everyone may know it, it is ordered that this Regional Regulation be promulgated by placing it in the Regional Gazette of Sukoharjo Regency.

Established in Sukoharjo  
on February 23, 2024 BUPATI  
SUKOHARJO,

ttd.

ETIK SURYANI

Promulgated in Sukoharjo on  
February 23, 2024

REGIONAL SECRETARY OF  
SUKOHARJO REGENCY,

ttd.

WIDODO



EXPLANATION OF  
SUKOHARJO DISTRICT REGIONAL REGULATION  
NUMBER 2 OF 2024  
ABOUT THE ORGANIZATION  
OF SPORTS

I. GENERAL

Along with the objectives of the state, the administration of the State must be able to provide welfare for the community through equitable and democratic development. The government in organizing development must pay attention to public health. The responsibility of the government also includes the responsibility of the Regional Government together with the community. One form of public health development is carried out through national development in the field of sports. Development in the field of sports is intended to improve the quality of Indonesian human life physically, spiritually, and socially. Improving the quality of life is carried out based on non-discriminatory, participatory, and sustainable principles.

The legal basis or regulations that specifically regulate the activities of organizing sports in Indonesia today is Law Number 3 of 2005 concerning the National Sports System, where the legislation regulates nationally or generally. In accordance with the provisions in Article 11 paragraph (1) of Law Number 3 of 2005 concerning the National Sports System, where the Regional Government is given the right to participate in sports organizing activities. The absence of local regulations that specifically regulate the organization of sports in the region is one of the reasons why its implementation has not been carried out optimally. Development activities in the field of sports are not maximized due to the lack of fulfillment of sports human resources, infrastructure and facilities, funding sources, and still not maximizing the development and construction of the sports system.

With the consideration to improve development in the field of sports through the implementation of maximum sports, a regional regulation is made that will provide legal certainty regarding the implementation of sports activities. Therefore, it is necessary to establish a Regional Regulation on the Implementation of Sports in Sukoharjo Regency.

## II. ARTICLE BY ARTICLE

Article 1

Clear enough.

Article 2

Clear enough.

Article 3

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Article 4

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Article 5

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Article 6

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Article 7

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Article 57

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Article 58

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Article 59

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Article 60

Paragraph (1)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (2)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (3)

Letter a

Clear enough.

Letter b

Clear enough.

Letter c

Clear enough.

Letter d

What is meant by "business entity donations" is financing issued by business entities, one of which is for local government activities in the form of *Corporate Social Responsibility*.

Letter e

Clear enough.

Letter f

Clear enough.

Article 61

Clear enough.

Article 62

Clear enough.

Article 63

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Article 64

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Article 65

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Article 66

Clear enough.

Article 67

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Article 68

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Article 69

Clear enough.

Article 70

Paragraph (1)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (2)

Letter a

Clear enough.

Letter b

Clear enough.

Letter c

Clear enough.

Letter d

Clear enough.

Letter e

Clear enough.

Letter f

What is meant by "sports agency" is a sports industry that operates as a legal representative of professional sports actors such as athletes and coaches.

What is meant by "sports consultancy" is a sports industry engaged in providing consultancy services related to sports for health.

Letter g

Clear enough.

Letter h

Clear enough.

Letter i

Clear enough.

Paragraph (3)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (4)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (5)

Clear enough.

Paragraph (6)

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Paragraph (7)

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Article 71

Clear enough.

Article 72

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Article 73

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Article 74

Clear enough.

Article 75

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Article 76

Clear enough.

ADDITIONAL REGIONAL SHEET OF SUKOHARJO DISTRICT NUMBER 320