

### REGENT SUKOHARJO PROVINCE OF CENTRAL JAVA

## REGIONAL REGULATIONS OF SUKOHARJO DISTRICT NUMBER 2 YEAR 2024 ABOUT

#### SPORTS ORGANIZATION

### BY THE GRACE OF GOD ALMIGHTY REGENT SUKOHARJO,

Considering: a. that development in the sports sector is an effort to improve the quality of human life physically, spiritually and socially in creating a society that is healthy, has competence, sportsmanship, competitiveness and high fighting power which is carried out in a planned, integrated and sustainable manner;

- b. that to achieve development goals in the sports sector as intended in letter a, strategic efforts are needed, so that available resources can be optimized for progress;
- c. that based on Law Number 11 of 2022 concerning Sports, the organization of sports in Sukoharjo Regency needs to be carried out based on arrangements that can be implemented effectively; d. that based on the considerations as intended in letters a, b, and c, it is necessary to establish

Regional Regulations concerning the Implementation of Sports;

#### Remember:

- 1. Article 18 paragraph (6) of the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia;
- 2. Law Number 13 of 1950 concerning the Establishment of Regency Regions within the Province of Central Java as amended by Law Number 9 of 1965 concerning the Establishment of the Batang Level II Region by amending Law No. 13 of 1950 concerning the Establishment of Regency Regions within the Province of Central Java (State Gazette of 1965 Number 52, Supplement to State Gazette Number 2757);

- 3. Law Number 23 of 2014 concerning Regional Government (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2014 Number 244, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 5587) as amended several times, most recently by Law Number 6 of 2023 concerning Determination of Government Regulations in Lieu of Laws -Law Number 2 of 2022 concerning Job Creation becomes Law (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2023 Number 41, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6856);
- Law Number 11 of 2022 concerning Sports (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2022 Number 71, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6782);
- Law Number 11 of 2023 concerning Central Java Province (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia of 2023 Number 58, Supplement to State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia Number 6867);

# With Mutual Consent REGIONAL PEOPLE'S REPRESENTATIVE COUNCIL OF SUKOHARJO DISTRICT And REGENT SUKOHARJO

#### DECIDE:

Establish: REGIONAL REGULATIONS CONCERNING IMPLEMENTATION SPORTS.

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#### **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

#### article 1

In this Regional Regulation what is meant by: 1. Region is Sukoharjo Regency.

- 2. Regional Government is the Regent as an element of Regional Government organizers who leads the implementation of Government affairs which fall under the authority of the autonomous region.
- 3. The Regent is the Regent of Sukoharjo.
- 4. Regional Apparatus is the supporting element of the Regent and the Regency Regional People's Representative Council in carrying out government affairs which are the authority of the regency.
- 5. Sports are all activities that involve the mind, body and soul in an integrated and systematic manner to encourage, develop and develop physical, spiritual, social and cultural potential.

- 6. Sports are all aspects related to sports that require regulation, education, training, coaching, development, improvement, supervision and evaluation.
- 7. National Sports is Sports based on Pancasila and the 1945 Constitution of the Republic of Indonesia which is rooted in sports values, Indonesian national culture, and responsive to the demands of sports development.
- 8. Sports Actors are every person and/or group of people who are directly involved in sports activities, including sports players, sports coaches and sports personnel.
- 9. Athlete is a sportsperson who takes part in sports training and championships on a regular, systematic, integrated, tiered and sustainable basis to achieve achievements.
- 10. A sportsman is a person who exercises in an effort to develop physical, spiritual, social and cultural potential.
- 11. Sports coach is a person who has interest and knowledge, leadership, managerial abilities, and/or funding dedicated to the interests of coaching and developing sports.
- 12. Sports Personnel are individuals who have qualifications and competency certificates in the field of Sports.
- 13. The Business World is Micro Businesses, Small Businesses, Medium Businesses and Large Businesses that carry out economic activities in Indonesia and are domiciled in Indonesia.
- 14. Communities are individual Indonesian citizens, community groups, and/or community organizations that have an interest and role in the field of sports.
- 15. Supporters are individuals or groups of people who support and have special attention to certain sports.
- 16. Community Sports are Sports carried out by the Community based on hobbies and abilities that grow and develop in accordance with the conditions and cultural values of the local community which are carried out continuously for health, fitness and joy.
- 17. Achievement Sports are sports that foster and develop athletes in a planned, systematic, integrated, tiered and sustainable manner through competition to achieve achievements with the support of sports science and technology.
- 18. Amateur Sports are sports that are carried out out of love or passion for sports.

- 19. Professional Sports are sports carried out to obtain income in the form of money or other forms based on sports skills.
- 20. Sports for Persons with Disabilities are sports carried out in accordance with a person's physical, intellectual, mental and/or sensory disability.
- 21. Achievement is the result achieved by an Athlete or groups in sports activities.
- 22. The Sports Industry is an economic activity in the field of Sports in the form of goods and/or services that provide added value or higher benefits and have an impact on the economy of society and Sports.
- 23. Sports Awards are recognition of achievements in the field of sports which are realized in material and/or non-material form.
- 24. Sports infrastructure is a place or space including the environment used for sports activities and/or the organization of sports.
- 25. Sports facilities are equipment and supplies used for sports activities.
- 26. Doping is the use of prohibited substances and/or methods to improve Sports Performance as well as all forms of violations of anti-Doping regulations.
- 27. Sports Coaching and Development is a conscious effort carried out systematically to achieve sports goals.
- 28. A sports organization is a group of people who collaborate by forming an organization to organize sports in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations.
- 29. Parent Sports Organization is a Sports Organization that fosters, develops and coordinates 1 (one) sport branch, type of sport, or a combination of sports organizations from 1 (one) type of sport which is a member of an international sports federation.
- 30. Every person is an individual, group of people, community organization, and/or business entity in the form of a legal entity or non-legal entity.
- 31. National Sports Standards are minimum criteria for aspects related to National Sports Development and Development.

CHAPTER II

PRINCIPLES, OBJECTIVES, SCOPE

Section 2

Sports are held on the principles of: a. nationality;

b. mutual cooperation;

c. justice; d.

civilizing; e. benefit;

f. diversity; g.

participative; h.

cohesiveness; i.

continuity; j.

accessibility; k.

sportsmanship; I.

democratic; m.

accountability;

and n. order and legal

certainty.

#### Article 3

Sports aims to: a. maintain and improve health and fitness,

Achievement, intelligence, and human qualities;

- b. instill moral values and noble character, sportsmanship, competitive, and disciplined;
- c. strengthen and foster national unity and unity; d. strengthening national resilience; And
- e. raise the honor, dignity and honor of the nation.

#### Article 4

The scope of this Regional Regulation includes: a.

rights and obligations;

- b. duties, authority and responsibilities of Regional Government;
- c. type of sport;
- d. sports coaching and development;
- e. sports management;
- f. organizing sports championships;
- g. Sports Actor;
- h. sports infrastructure and facilities;
- i. sports funding;
- j. development of sports science and technology and sports information;
- k. community participation;
- I. cooperation;
- m. Sports Industry;
- n. sports awards and social security; And
- o. supervision.

#### CHAPTER III

#### **RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS**

#### Part One

#### Parents' Rights and Obligations

#### Article 5

- (1) Parents have the right to direct, guide, assist, supervise and obtain information about their child's sports development.
- (2) Parents are obliged to:
  - a. encourage children to be active participate in exercise; And
  - b. protect their children from threats to safety, physical and mental health due to training that is not appropriate to the child's level of growth and development in sports.

### The second part Rights and Obligations of Society and the Business World

#### Article 6

- (1) The community and the business world have the right to participate in planning, developing, implementing and supervising sports activities.
- (2) The public and the business world have the right to obtain knowledge about sports and information on the progress of national sports and/ or information on the progress of sports in the regions.
- (3) The community and the business world are obliged to provide resource support in organizing sports.

### Part Three Rights and Obligations of Regional Government

- (1) The Regional Government has the right to direct, guide, assist and supervise the implementation of Sports in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.
- (2) The Regional Government is obliged to provide services and facilities and guarantee the implementation of sports activities for the community without discrimination.

#### CHAPTER IV

### DUTIES, AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE GOVERNMENT AREA

#### Article 8

- (1) The Regional Government has the following duties:
  - a. determine and implement Sports policies in the Region based on Sports policies; and b. coordinate, supervise and evaluate the implementation of Sports policies in the Region

#### based on Sports policy.

(2) Regional Governments implement Sports policies by considering Regional potential and Regional conditions.

#### Article 9

Regional Government has the authority: a. carry out the grand design of national sports in the region by determining the Regional Sports design; b. organize, foster and develop sports in

Area; And

c. coordinating, implementing, supervising and evaluating the implementation of sports in the region.

#### Article 10

The duties and authority as intended in Article 8 paragraph (1) and Article 9, are carried out by the Regional Apparatus which carries out government affairs in the field of Sports.

#### Article 11

Regional Government is responsible for realizing the goals of organizing sports.

#### Article 12

Further provisions regarding the duties, authority and responsibilities of the Regional Government as referred to in Articles 8 to 11 are regulated in the Regent's Regulation.

#### CHAPTER V

#### TYPE OF SPORT

#### Article 13

The scope of sports includes activities: a. Educational sports; b. Community Sports; and c. Sports Performance.

- (1) Educational sports as intended in Article 13 letter a are organized to instill character values and acquire the knowledge, skills and attitudes needed to build a healthy, active lifestyle throughout life.
- (2) Educational sports as referred to in paragraph (1) are carried out both in formal education channels through intracurricular and/or extracurricular activities, and non-formally through forms of activities that suit needs.
- (3) Sports education starts from an early age, guided by the level of growth and development of students.
- (4) Sports education in the formal education pathway is carried out at every level of education starting from Kindergarten level to junior high school/equivalent level.
- (5) Sports education in non-formal education channels can be carried out guided by tutors in a structured and tiered manner and can be assisted by other sports personnel.
- (6) Educational sports as intended in paragraph (4) are carried out under the guidance of a Sports teacher and can be assisted by other Sports Personnel prepared by each educational unit.
- (7) Every educational unit organizes sports together at least 1 (one) time a week except school holidays.
- (8) The educational unit organizes types of sports according to the interests and talents of students.
- (9) The educational unit as intended in paragraph (6) is obliged to prepare Sports Infrastructure and educational Sports Facilities in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.
- (10) Each educational unit needs to hold sports championships and/or sports festivals in accordance with the level of growth and development of students periodically between educational units of the same level in order to foster a sense of brotherhood, social skills and learning to compete.
- (11) Sports championships and/or educational unit sports festivals as intended in paragraph(8) can be continued at the regional level.

- (1) Community Sports can be carried out by any person, educational unit, institution, association or sports organization.
- (2) Community Sports aims to: a. cultivate physical activity; b. foster joy; c. maintain, restore and improve health and body fitness;
  - d. building social relationships; e.
  - preserving and enhancing regional and national cultural riches; f. strengthen conducive
  - social interactions and
    - strengthening national resilience; and g.
  - increase national economic productivity.
- (3) Regional Government and the Community are obliged to explore, develop and promote Community Sports.
- (4) Regional Government protects and determines species Community Sports.
- (5) Every person who organizes certain community sports that involve risks to environmental sustainability, maintenance of infrastructure and facilities, as well as safety and health must: a. comply with the provisions and procedures determined according
  - to the type of sport; b. provide instructors or guides who have qualifications according to
  - the type of sport and/or have a competency certificate; and c. provide competent health personnel.
- (6) Community Sports as intended in paragraph (5) must meet the requirements set by the Sports association or Organization and be supported by Sports science and technology.
- (7) Every person who plays community sports can form a community sports association.
- (8) Community Sports Associations as referred to in paragraph (7) can receive funding assistance from the Regional income and expenditure budget.
- (9) The formation of Community Sports Associations as referred to in paragraph (7) is carried out in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.
- (10) Every person who organizes certain Community Sports which pose a risk to environmental sustainability, maintenance of infrastructure and facilities, as well as safety and health by violating the obligations as intended in paragraph (5) may be subject to administrative sanctions in the form of a written warning or termination of the activity.

(11) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as intended in paragraph (10) are regulated in the Regent's Regulation.

#### Article 16

- (1) Achievement Sports is intended as an effort to increase the abilities and potential of Athlete in order to increase the honor and dignity of the nation.
- (2) Achievement sports are carried out by every person who has the talent, ability and potential to achieve achievement.
- (3) Sports Achievement is carried out through coaching and development in a planned, systematic, integrated, tiered and sustainable manner with the support of sports science and technology.
- (4) The Regional Government and/or the Community are obliged to organize, supervise and control Achievement Sports activities.
- (5) To promote Achievement Sports, Regional Government and/or the Community can: a. form a sports association; b. makes it easy to become a member of the association Sport;
  - c. empowering research and development centers for sports science and technology that are effective and efficient at international standards; d. developing a Sports Achievement coaching center; e. carry out development of managerial capabilities of Sports Organizations; f. provide education and training to Sports Personnel; g. providing

#### Performance;

- h. develop a sports talent scouting and development system;
- i. developing sports information systems; j. developing a
   welfare system for Athletes and Sports Personnel; k. carry out trials of Athletes' Achievement
   abilities at regional, national and international levels according to needs;
- I. develop development and promotion systems trainer qualifications;
- m. developing technology-based sports; And

sports infrastructure and sports facilities

 n. form a special class for sportsmen in the basic education unit, or a special school for sportsmen sustainable.

#### CHAPTER VI

## SPORTS COACHING AND DEVELOPMENT Part One General

#### Article 17

- (1) Regional Government fosters and develops Sports based on digital/electronic technology.
- (2) Sports as intended in paragraph (1) are organized within the scope of Achievement Sports, Educational Sports and Community Sports.
- (3) When carrying out sports as intended in paragraph (1), remain oriented towards fitness, health and social interaction.
- (4) Sports as intended in paragraph (1) are encouraged to support the development of the Sports Industry.
- (5) Sports as intended in paragraph (1) are organized by taking into account human, social, cultural values, physical literacy, security, norms of decency and decency, in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.
- (6) To ensure the safety and health of Athlete in every training activity and competition, the coach or organizer of the activity is obliged to provide health personnel according to the needs of Sports Performance.
- (7) Coaches or activity organizers who do not provide health personnel in accordance with the needs of Achievement Sports as intended in paragraph (6) may be subject to administrative sanctions in the form of a warning written or termination of activities.
- (8) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as referred to in paragraph (7) are regulated in a Regent's Regulation.

- (1) Sports coaching and development is carried out as an integral part of national and regional development.
- (2) The Regional Government carries out sports coaching and development in accordance with its authority and responsibility.
- (3) Sports coaching and development as intended in paragraph (1) includes sports, personnel, organization, funding, methods, infrastructure and facilities, as well as sports awards.

- (4) Sports coaching and development is carried out systematically through the stages of introduction, monitoring, guiding, continuous talent development and improving performance.
- (5) Sports coaching and development is carried out through family channels, educational channels and community channels which are based on the development of sports for everyone that lasts throughout life.
- (6) Sports coaching and development as follows referred to in paragraph (5) aims to: a. forming character; b. provide basic knowledge of exercise; c. increase the level of fitness and health; and D. create lifelong healthy and active lifestyle habits.

- (1) The community can actively foster and develop Sports through various Sports activities, whether carried out at the encouragement of the Central Government and/or Regional Government or on their own initiative.
- (2) The guidance and development of Sports by the Community as intended in paragraph (1) is carried out by Sports associations within the local community.
- (3) The community, in carrying out sports coaching and development as intended in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2), can form sports organizations that do not conflict with the law.

#### Article 20

Regional and private officials are obliged to provide regular and continuous sports coaching and development for their employees to improve recovery, health, fitness, mental well-being, social relations, as well as work quality and productivity in accordance with their respective conditions.

### The second part Educational Sports Coaching and Development

- (1) Coaching and development of Educational Sports carried out at the educational unit level.
- (2) The coaching and development of sports education is carried out and directed as a systemic and sustainable unit with the national education system.

- (3) Educational sports coaching and development is carried out through learning carried out by physical education and sports teachers who meet the qualifications and competencies and are supported by the availability of learning resources, sports infrastructure and sports facilities taking into account regional capabilities.
- (4) The coaching and development of sports education at all levels of education is guided by the national curriculum which is complemented by extracurricular programs.
- (5) Educational sports coaching and development is carried out by taking into account the potential, abilities, interests and talents of students as a whole, both through intracurricular and extracurricular activities.
- (6) The coaching and development of educational sports as intended in paragraph (3) is carried out regularly, gradually and continuously by taking into account the level of growth and development of students.
- (7) To develop Sports Achievement in educational institutions, in each educational pathway, Sports activity units, Sports clubs, Sports classes, coaching and training centers, Sports schools, as well as holding tiered and continuous Sports competitions, can be formed.
- (8) Sports activity units, sports clubs, sports classes, coaching and training centers, or sports schools as intended in paragraph (6) are accompanied by sports coaches who have competency certificates from the main sports branch organization.
- (9) Educational sports coaching and development can apply sportsbased learning approaches, sports modifications, and/or movementbased approaches by utilizing various games, traditional sports, and outdoor activities.
- (10) Educational sports coaching and development for all students is required to carry out learning evaluations related to physical literacy which includes knowledge, skills, abilities, and attitudes.
- (11) Students who carry out and develop their interest and talent in Sports for Achievement must be provided with educational services according to their needs.

### Part Three Community Sports Development and Development

#### Article 22

- (1) The guidance and development of Community Sports is carried out by the Regional Government and/or Community by building and utilizing potential resources, Sports Infrastructure and Community Sports Facilities.
- (2) The development and development of Community Sports is an integral part of development in the health sector.
- (3) The development and development of Community Sports is carried out and directed at promoting Sports as an effort to develop Community awareness in improving health, fitness, joy and social relations.
- (4) The development and development of traditional community sports is carried out by exploring, developing, preserving and utilizing traditional sports in the community.
- (5) Community sports development and development is carried out on a community basis by paying attention to the principles of easy, cheap, interesting, beneficial and mass.
- (6) The development and development of Community Sports is carried out as an effort to develop centers and activate Sports associations in the Community, increase Sports tourism, and organize multi-level and sustainable Community Sports festivals at regional, national and international levels.
- (7) The provisions as intended in paragraph (1) to paragraph (6) are implemented with an environmental perspective oriented.

### Part Four Coaching and Development of Achievement Sports

- (1) The coaching and development of Achievement Sports is carried out and directed at achieving Sports Achievement at regional, national and international levels.
- (2) The coaching and development of Achievement Sports as intended in paragraph (1) is carried out by the Parent Regional Sports Branch Organization.

- (3) Coaching and development of Achievement Sports as intended in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) is carried out by coaches who have qualifications and competency certificates who can be assisted by other Sports Personnel using a science and technology approach.
- (4) Coaching and development of Achievement Sports, apart from being carried out through the channels as intended in Article 18 paragraph (5), is also carried out through clubs, Sports coaching centers, government agencies/Indonesian National Army/State Police of the Republic of Indonesia, and/or private.
- (5) The development and development of Achievement Sports as referred to in paragraph (1) to paragraph (4) is carried out by empowering Sports associations, developing Regional Sports development centers, as well as holding competitions in a tiered and sustainable manner.
- (6) The coaching and development of Achievement Sports as intended in paragraph (5) involves potential young athletes from the results of monitoring, scouting and talent development as a regeneration process.
- (7) The development and development of Achievement Sports must be supported by the cooperation of parents, school/college/agency leaders, and/or leaders of sports clubs/organizations.

### Part Five Amateur Sports Coaching and Development

#### Article 24

The coaching and development of Amateur Sports is carried out and directed in accordance with the provisions as intended in Article 21 to Article 23.

### Part Six Professional Sports Coaching and Development

#### Article 25

(1) Coaching and development of Professional Sports implemented and directed to:

a. creation of Sports Achievement; b. development of Athlete's career; c. creation of jobs and businesses; d. increased sources of income; and e. development of the sports industry.

- (2) The coaching and development of Professional Sports as intended in paragraph (1) is carried out by the Parent Sports Branch Organization and/or Professional Sports Organization.
- (3) The coaching and development of Professional Sports as intended in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) is carried out using an ethical economic and business approach.

#### Part Seven

### Coaching and Development of Sports for People with Disabilities Disability

- (1) The coaching and development of Sports for Persons with Disabilities is carried out and directed as an effort to realize equality in sports to increase self-confidence, health, fitness and Sports Achievement.
- (2) The guidance and development of Sports for Persons with Disabilities is carried out by the Indonesian Paralympic Committee, the Sports Organization for Persons with Disabilities, and/or the Parent Sports Organization through organizational capacity development, educational and training activities, as well as tiered and sustainable competitions at regional, national and international.
- (3) The coaching and development of Sports for Persons with Disabilities as intended in paragraph (2) can be carried out in the disability service unit.
- (4) The coaching and development of Sports for Persons with Disabilities is carried out within the scope of educational sports, community sports and achievement sports based on the type of sport in accordance with the condition of physical, intellectual, mental and/or sensory disabilities.
- (5) The development and development of Sports for Persons with Disabilities is carried out by the Indonesian Paralympic Committee, the Sports Organization for Persons with Disabilities, and/or the Parent Sports Organization at the regional level by emphasizing improving managerial abilities through continuous education and training.
- (6) The development and development of Sports for Persons with Disabilities applies the Achievement Sports development model for non-disabled Athletes by adjusting the classification of physical, intellectual, mental and/or sensory disabilities.

Further provisions regarding the coaching and development of sports as referred to in Articles 17 to 26 are regulated in the Regent's Regulations.

#### CHAPTER VII

#### SPORTS MANAGEMENT

#### Article 28

- (1) The Regional Government carries out planning, coaching, development, implementation of standardization and mobilization of Sports resources based on local excellence in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.
- (2) The Regional Government manages at least 2 (two) leading sports branches at national and/or international level.

- (1) For legal certainty of protection for Athletes and Sports Performers in improving Achievement, the Community forms 1 (one) Parent Sports Organization.
- (2) The Parent Sports Organization as intended in paragraph (1) can form a Sports Organization branch in the Region.
- (3) The Parent Sports Organization as referred to in paragraph (1) is independent and managed professionally by administrators who have Sports competence.
- (4) The Parent Sports Organization as referred to in paragraph (1) has the task of managing, coaching and developing Sports.
- (5) The parent sports branch organization as referred to in paragraph (1) has the authority to formulate and determine models for management, implementation of coaching and development of sports.
- (6) The Regional Government provides grants to Parent Sports Organizations sourced from the Regional income and expenditure budget whose sports priorities are determined in the Regional Sports design.
- (7) Grants as intended in paragraph (6) are given in accordance with the Regional financial capacity.
- (8) The grant mechanism as intended in paragraph (7) is implemented in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.

- (1) Sports management in the Region is carried out by the Regional Government with assistance from the national sports committee in the Region.
- (2) The National Sports Committee in the Region as intended in paragraph(1) is formed by the Parent Sports Organization in the Region.
- (3) National sports committees in the regions as intended in paragraph (1) are independent and managed professionally by administrators who have sports competence.
- (4) The organization of national Sports committees in the Regions as referred to in paragraph (1) is determined by the provisions of statutory regulations.

#### Article 31

- (1) The National Sports Committee in the Region has the following duties:
  - a. coordinating with sports organizations at regional level in the context of developing and fostering sports achievements; b. assist the Regional Government in organizing the

Regional Sports Week; c. assist sports organizations in developing and cultivating athletes in the

region; and D. assist sports organizations in the region

potential sports branch development.

(2) The National Sports Committee in the Region has the authority: a. provide input to the Regional Government in formulating Regional policies in the field of management, coaching and development of Achievement Sports; b. coordinating parent sports organizations and parent functional sports organizations in the regions; and c. determine and prepare the implementation of Achievement Sports participation in cross-regional and national sports activities.

#### Article 32

The administrators of national sports committees in the regions are independent, have competence in the field of sports, and are elected by the community in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.

#### Article 33

Further provisions regarding sports management as intended in Article 28 to Article 32

regulated in the Regent's Regulations.

#### CHAPTER VIII

#### ORGANIZATION OF SPORTS CHAMPIONSHIPS

#### Article 34

- (1) Every Sports championship held by the Regional Government, and/or the Community is obliged to pay attention to the Sports objectives and principles of Sports organization.
- (2) Organizers who do not fulfill their obligations to pay attention to sports objectives and the principles of sports organization as intended in paragraph (2) may be subject to administrative sanctions in the form of a written warning.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as intended in paragraph (2) are regulated in a Regent's Regulation.

#### Article 35

Organizing sports championships as intended in Article 34 includes: a. regional, national and/or sports championships international; And

b. Regional Sports Week.

#### Article 36

Organizing sports championships as intended in Article 35 aims to: a. promote sports; b. recruiting potential athletes; c. improve health and fitness; d. improve Sports Achievement;

- e. maintaining national unity and unity;
- f. increasing national resilience; g. increasing the honor and dignity of the nation; And
- h. realizing mutual respect for diversity between nations.

#### Article 37

The implementation of sports championships as intended in Article 35 is carried out with the principles:

- a. efficiency;
- b. superiority;
- c. measurable;
- d. accountable;
- e. systematic; And
- f. sustainable.

- (1) The Regional Government is responsible for the implementation of the Regional Sports Week.
- (2) The Parent Sports Organization is responsible for the implementation of the Sports Championship as intended in Article 35 letter a.
- (3) The Sports Organization for Persons with Disabilities is responsible for organizing the Sports Week for Persons with Disabilities.

#### Article 39

- (1) Sports championship organizers are obliged to fulfill branch technical requirements, health, safety, regional regulations, security, public order and public interests.
- (2) Sports championship organizers who do not fulfill the obligations of branch technical requirements, health, safety, regional regulations, security, public order and public interests as intended in paragraph (1) may be subject to administrative sanctions in the form of a warning.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as intended in paragraph (2) are regulated in a Regent's Regulation.

#### Article 40

Sports championship organizers as intended in Article 39 are subject to tax in accordance with the provisions of laws and regulations in the field of taxation.

- (1) Organizers of sports championships that directly attract crowds of spectators must obtain recommendations from the parent organization of the sports branch concerned and comply with the provisions of the laws and regulations.
- (2) The sports championship organizer as intended in paragraph (1) must have a person in charge of the activity.
- (3) Sports championship organizers must pay attention to the rights of spectators in every sports championship.
- (4) The rights of spectators as referred to in paragraph (4) include: a. express support, enthusiasm and motivation in sports championships;
  - b. obtain facilities commensurate with the value of the entrance ticket; And
  - c. get guaranteed safety and security.

(5) Every spectator at a sports championship must pay attention to the values of sportsmanship, humanity, social, cultural, norms of propriety and decency, and maintain, comply with, and/or comply with the provisions required by the organizer of the sports championship and the provisions of the laws and regulations governing order. and security.

#### Article 42

Further provisions regarding the responsibilities of Regional Governments and Parent Sports Organizations, requirements for organizing Sports championships, and spectators as intended in Article 38 to Article 41 regulated in the Regent's Regulations.

CHAPTER IX

#### SPORTS PERFORMER

#### Part One Athlete

#### Article 43

- (1) Athletes include amateur athletes and professional athletes.
- (2) An athlete with a disability is an athlete who carries out sports in accordance with the condition of physical, intellectual, mental and/or sensory disabilities.

#### Article 44

- (1) Amateur Athletes carry out sports activities that are their passion and expertise.
- (2) Amateur Athletes as referred to in paragraph (1) have the right: a. improving
  - achievements through sports clubs and/or associations; b. receive appropriate coaching and

development

with the sport of interest;

- c. take part in sports championships at all levels after going through selection and/or competition; d. obtain easy permits
- from agencies to take part in sports activities at regional, national and international levels; and e. changed status to become a Professional Athlete.

#### Article 45

(1) Professional Athlete carries out Sports activities as a profession according to their expertise.

- (2) Every person can become a Professional Athlete after fulfilling the following requirements:
  - a. have been an Amateur Athleteand/or participated in competitions periodically;b. fulfill the provisions

employment

Which

required; and c. meet

the required medical requirements.

- (3) Every Professional Athlete in carrying out profession has the right to: a. accompanied by managers, trainers, health workers, psychologists, legal experts and other experts as needed;
  - b. take part in championships at all appropriate levels under the condition;
  - c. receive guidance and development from the parent
    Sports Organizations, Professional Sports Organizations, or Functional Sports
    Organizations; and D. earn a decent income in accordance with the standards
    determined by the Professional Sports branch.

#### Article 46

- (1) Athletes with disabilities carry out special sports activities for people with disabilities.
- (2) Every Athlete with a disability as referred to in paragraph (1) has the right to: a. improving achievements through clubs and/or sports associations for people with disabilities; b. receive sports coaching in accordance with physical, intellectual, mental and/or sensory disability conditions;
  - c. take part in Sports Weeks and championships for Persons with Disabilities at regional, national and international levels after going through selection and/or competition; d.
  - obtain Sports Infrastructure and Sports Facilities services that comply with disability standards and are accessible; And
  - e. get the same right to receive awards according to the achievements achieved.

#### Article 47

Every Athlete is obliged to: a. uphold

the noble values and good name of the nation and the Unitary State of the Republic of Indonesia; b. prioritize

sportsmanship in every sports activity carried out; c. comply with the regulations and code of ethics

that apply in each branch of sport participated in and/or as a profession;

d. obey the norms, culture and customs of local communities; and e. participate in

efforts to preserve the environment.

#### Article 48

- (1) Amateur Athletes receive guidance and development from the Parent Amateur Sports Organization.
- (2) Professional athletes receive coaching and development from Professional Sports and/or join Amateur Sports.

#### Article 49

The training and development of athletes can be carried out through the movement of athletes between associations, between regions and between countries.

### The second part Sports Coach

#### Article 50

- (1) Sports coaches include association coaches, parent organizations for sports branches, or regional level sports institutions that have been elected/appointed as administrators.
- (2) Sports Coaches carry out sports coaching and development in accordance with their duties and functions in the organization.

#### Article 51

- (1) Sports coaches have the right to receive increased knowledge, skills, awards and legal assistance.
- (2) Sports Supervisors are obliged to: (1)
  carry out guidance and development for Sports, Athletes, Sports
  Sports funding; an E(2) corarrely Ordgspizzatsicoros; chrindg and development in accordance with the principles of sports management.

#### Article 52

(1) Foreign national sports coaches who serve in every sports organization and/or sports institution are required to: a. have qualifications and

competencies; b. get recommendations from the Parent Organization

the sport in question;

c. obtain permission from the authorized Central Government agency in accordance with statutory provisions;

- d. obey the norms, culture and customs of local communities; and e. transfer
- knowledge and skills related to sports coaching in general and/or the specific sport branch they are coaching.
- (2) Sports coaches of foreign nationals who violate the provisions of the obligations as intended in paragraph (1) may be subject to sanctions prohibiting them from carrying out their duties.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as intended in paragraph (2) are regulated in a Regent's Regulation.

#### Part Three Sports Personnel

#### Article 53

- (1) Sports personnel consist of coaches, assistant coaches, teachers/ lecturers, referees, judges, managers, promoters, administrators, guides, counselors/motivators, instructors, health workers, biomechanics experts, psychologists, Doping supervisors, volunteers, and staff. technical or other designations that suit their specialty and participate in organizing sports activities.
- (2) Sports Personnel serving in each Sports Organization and/or Sports Institution must have qualifications and competency certificates issued by the Parent Organization of the Sports Branch concerned and/or other Sports Personnel competency certification institutions.
- (3) Sports Personnel are tasked with organizing or carrying out Sports activities in accordance with the field of expertise and/or authority of the Sports Personnel concerned.
- (4) Procurement of Sports Personnel as intended in paragraph (1) is carried out through education and/or training by specialized competent institutions in accordance with their fields.

#### Article 54

Sports Personnel in carrying out their profession have the right to receive: a. coaching, developing and improving skills through training; and b. career development, welfare services, assistance

law, and/or awards.

(1) Foreign Sports Personnel serving in every Sports Organization and/or Sports Institution must: a. have qualifications and competency certificates; b. get recommendations from the Parent Branch Organization

Sports or other relevant institutions;

 c. obtain permission from the authorized Central Government agency in accordance with statutory provisions; and D. obey the norms, culture and customs of society

local.

- (2) Foreign sports workers who serve in any sports organization and/or sports institution who violate the provisions in paragraph (1) may be subject to a sanction of prohibition from carrying out their duties.
- (3) Further provisions regarding the procedures for imposing administrative sanctions as intended in paragraph (2) are regulated in a Regent's Regulation.

#### Article 56

Further provisions regarding the transfer of status of Athlete, Professional Athlete, transfer of Athlete, rights and obligations, coaching and development, Sports Coaches, and Sports Personnel as referred to in Articles 44 to Article 55 are regulated in the Regent's Regulations.

#### CHAPTER X

#### SPORTS INFRASTRUCTURE AND FACILITIES

- (1) Regional and Community Apparatus are responsible for planning, procurement, utilization, maintenance and supervision of Sports Infrastructure.
- (2) Regional Apparatus guarantees the availability, management and maintenance of Sports Infrastructure and Sports Facilities as well as open spaces in accordance with their authority based on the provisions of statutory regulations.
- (3) The number and type of sports infrastructure built must take into account equal distribution in the region for the purposes of educational sports, community sports and achievement sports, complete with easy access for people with disabilities by taking into account the principles of sustainable development.
- (4) Sports infrastructure built in the region must be meet the minimum quantities and standards set by the Central Government.

- (5) Business entities engaged in housing and settlement development are obliged to provide Sports Infrastructure as public facilities with standards and requirements determined by the Central Government which are then handed over to the Regional Government as assets/property of the Regional Government.
- (6) Business entities engaged in housing and settlement development that do not fulfill the obligations as intended in paragraph (5), will be subject to administrative sanctions in accordance with statutory regulations.
- (7) Further provisions regarding procedures for determining Sports Infrastructure and fulfilling the obligations of business entities engaged in housing and settlement development as intended in paragraphs (1) to paragraphs (6) are regulated in Regent Regulations.

#### CHAPTER XI

#### SPORTS FUNDING

#### Article 58

- (1) Sports funding is a joint responsibility between the Regional Government, business entities and the Community.
- (2) The Regional Government is obliged to allocate the Sports budget through the income and expenditure budget Area.

#### Article 59

Limited liability companies/business entities participate in providing community development funds as a manifestation of social responsibility towards sports development.

#### Article 60

- (1) Sports funding sources are determined based on the principles of adequacy and sustainability.
- (2) Sports funding planning is based on needs, programs and expected achievements.
- (3) Sports funding sources can be obtained from: a. Regional income and expenditure budget; b. Public; c. cooperation; d. business entity

donations; e.

Sports Industry business results;

and/or f. other legitimate and non-binding sources in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.

- (1) The Regional Government allocates a budget for Sports funding from the regional income and expenditure budget in accordance with regional financial capabilities and takes into account the achievement targets for implementing the national Sports grand design which is the authority of the Regional Government.
- (2) The budget allocation as intended in paragraph (1) can be distributed to national sports committees in the regions through the provision of grants carried out in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.

#### Article 62

- (1) Sports fund management is carried out based on the principles of justice, effectiveness, efficiency, transparency and public accountability.
- (2) Sports funds allocated from Regional Governments, business entities and the Community are provided in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.

#### Article 63

Further provisions regarding Sports funding as well as the allocation and management of Sports funds as intended in Article 58 to Article 62

regulated in the Regent's Regulations.

#### CHAPTER XII

### DEVELOPMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY SPORTS AND SPORTS INFORMATION

- (1) Regional Governments and/or the Community carry out sustainable development of Sports science and technology to advance Sports.
- (2) The Regional Government and/or Community empowers research and development institutions for Sports science and technology that are useful for advancing Sports Coaching and Development.
- (3) The results of the development of Sports science and technology as intended in paragraph (1) are socialized and applied for the advancement of Sports.
- (4) Further provisions regarding the development of Sports science and technology in the Region as referred to in paragraph (1), paragraph (2), and paragraph (3) are regulated in the Regent's Regulation.

The Regional Government guarantees the availability of data for national sports purposes through the establishment of an integrated National Sports data system as one national sports data.

#### Article 66

- (1) The Regional Government guarantees the availability and dissemination of information to the public for the purposes of Sports Guidance and Development.
- (2) Regional Governments, based on their authority and capabilities, can develop and manage National Sports information in accordance with Regional capabilities and conditions.

### CHAPTER XIII COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

#### Article 67

- (1) The community has the same and broadest opportunity to participate in sports activities.
- (2) Community participation as referred to in paragraph (1) can be carried out by individuals, groups, families, professional organizations, business entities or other community organizations in accordance with the principles of openness and partnership.
- (3) The community can act as a source, implementer, volunteer, mobilizer, user of results and/or service for sports activities.
- (4) The community participates in encouraging development efforts and Sports Development.

#### CHAPTER XIV

#### COOPERATION

- (1) Regional Government and the Community can cooperate with each other in the field of Sports in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.
- (2) Cooperation as referred to in paragraph (1) is carried out by taking into account sports objectives and the principles of openness, efficiency, effectiveness and accountability.
- (3) Regional Government and/or the Community can organize international cooperation in the field of Sports and do so in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.

#### CHAPTER XV

#### SPORTS INDUSTRY

#### Article 69

Every implementation of the Sports Industry carried out by the Regional Government and/or the Community must pay attention to the Sports objectives and principles of Sports organization.

#### Article 70

- (1) The sports industry can take the form of infrastructure and facilities that are produced, traded and/or rented to the community.
- (2) Apart from taking the form of infrastructure and facilities, the Sports Industry can take the form of sales services for sports activities as the main product which is packaged professionally which includes: a. national

and international championships; b. regional,

regional, national and sports weeks

international; c.

Sports promotions, exhibitions and festivals; d.

education and training; e.

professional services;

 f. agency, information services and sports consultation; g. outdoor activities; h.

Supporter management; or i.

other sports activities that can

support the industry

Sport.

- (3) The Sports Industry as intended in paragraph (2) is directed at developing Sports tourism.
- (4) The implementation of the Sports Industry as intended in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) aims to support increased community welfare and economic growth.
- (5) Communities carrying out Sports Industry business as intended in paragraph (1) and paragraph (2) can collaborate with the Central Government, Regional Government, Sports Organizations, and/or other organizations, both domestic and foreign.
- (6) In carrying out the cooperation as intended in paragraph (5), the Community forms a business entity in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.
- (7) People who carry out sports service industry businesses pay attention to the welfare of sports players and the progress of sports.

- (1) The guidance and development of the Sports Industry is carried out through mutually beneficial cooperation to create independent and professional Sports activities.
- (2) The Regional Government makes it easy to establish centers for coaching and developing the Sports Industry.
- (3) The Regional Government facilitates the realization of cooperation between sports industry players, universities, sports communities, mass media and other stakeholders.

#### CHAPTER XVI

#### SPORTS AWARDS AND SOCIAL SECURITY

- (1) Every Athlete, Sports Performer, Sports Organization, government institution, private sector, business entity, and individual who excels and/ or makes a contribution in advancing Sports is given a Sports Award.
- (2) Sports Awards as intended in paragraph (1) are given by Regional Governments, Sports Organizations, other organizations, business entities, and/or individuals.
- (3) The awarding of Sports Awards as intended in paragraph (2) is carried out by taking into account the data and information contained in the Sports data and information system.
- (4) Sports awards can take the form of providing facilities, scholarships, jobs, extraordinary promotions, honors, citizenship, welfare, and/or other forms of awards that are beneficial to the award recipient.
- (5) The provision of Sports Awards as intended in paragraph (4) by the Regional Government is accompanied by life skills guidance to Athletes.
- (6) The provision of Sports Awards as referred to in paragraph (4) in the form of scholarships and welfare is provided by the Regional Government on an ongoing basis.
- (7) Further provisions regarding the awarding, form, implementation of the awarding, and standards for awarding Sports Awards as referred to in paragraphs (1) to paragraphs (6) are regulated in the Regent's Regulations.

- (1) Athletes and Sports Performers are given protection social Security.
- (2) Social security protection as intended in paragraph (1) is provided by the Regional Government, Organization Sports, other organizations, business entities, and/or individual.
- (3) Social security protection as referred to in paragraph (1) is part of the National Social Security System which is implemented in accordance with the provisions of statutory regulations.

CHAPTER XVII

#### **SUPERVISION**

#### Article 74

- (1) Regional Government and Community carry out supervision for organizing sports.
- (2) Supervision as intended in paragraph (1) is carried out with the principles of transparency and accountability.
- (3) Supervision as intended in paragraph (1) and paragraph
  - (2) carried out through: a.

internal control; b. coordination; c.

reporting; d.

monitoring; and e.

evaluation.

(4) Further provisions regarding supervision procedures as intended in paragraph (1) to paragraph (3) are regulated in the Regent's Regulation.

CHAPTER XVIII

#### CLOSING

#### Article 75

Regent Regulations as implementing regulations for this Regional Regulation are stipulated no later than 1 (one) year after this Regional Regulation is promulgated.

This local regulation are applied at the date stated.

So that everyone is aware, this Regional Regulation is ordered to be promulgated by placing it in the Sukoharjo Regency Regional Gazette.

Stipulated in Sukoharjo on February 23 2024 REGENT SUKOHARJO,

signed.

#### **ETIK SURYANI**

Promulgated in Sukoharjo on February 23 2024 REGIONAL SECRETARY SUKOHARJO DISTRICT,

signed.

WIDODO

SUKOHARJO DISTRICT REGIONAL GAZETTE YEAR 2024 NUMBER 2

The copy corresponds to the original HEAD OF LEGAL SECTION,

TEGUH PRAMONO, SH, MH NIP

Level I Advisor. 19710429 199803 1 003

SUKOHARJO DISTRICT REGIONAL REGISTRATION NUMBER, CENTRAL JAVA PROVINCE : (2-33/2024)

#### **EXPLANATION**

ON

### REGIONAL REGULATIONS OF SUKOHARJO DISTRICT NUMBER 2 YEAR 2024

#### **ABOUT**

#### SPORTS ORGANIZATION

#### I. GENERAL

In line with the goals of the state, state administration must be able to provide welfare for society through just and democratic development. The government in carrying out development must pay attention to public health. The government's responsibilities also include the responsibilities of the Regional Government together with the community.

One form of public health development is carried out through national development in the sports sector. Development in the sports sector is intended to improve the quality of life of Indonesian people physically, spiritually and socially. Improving the quality of life is carried out based on non-discriminatory, participatory and sustainable principles.

The legal basis or regulations that specifically regulate sports activities in Indonesia at this time are Law Number 3 of 2005 concerning the National Sports System, where these laws and regulations regulate on a national or general basis. In accordance with the provisions in Article 11 paragraph (1) of Law Number 3 of 2005 concerning the National Sports System, Regional Governments are given the right to participate in sports organizing activities. The absence of regional regulations that specifically regulate the implementation of sports in the regions is one of the reasons why implementation has not been carried out optimally. Development activities in the sports sector are not optimal due to the lack of human resources for sports, infrastructure and facilities, funding sources, and the development and construction of the sports system is still not optimal.

With consideration of increasing development in the sports sector through optimal sports organization, a regional regulation was created which will provide legal certainty regarding the implementation of sports organizing activities. Therefore, it is necessary to establish Regional Regulations regarding the Implementation of Sports in Sukoharjo Regency.

#### II. ARTICLE BY ARTICLE

article 1

Quite clear.

Section 2

Quite clear.

Article 3

Quite clear.

Article 4

Quite clear.

Article 5

Quite clear.

Article 6

Quite clear.

Article 7

Quite clear.

Article 8

Quite clear.

Article 9

Quite clear.

Article 10

Quite clear.

Article 11

Self-explanatory.

Article 12

Quite clear.

Article 13

Self-explanatory.

Article 14

Self-explanatory.

Article 15

Quite clear.

Article 16

Self-explanatory.

Article 17

Quite clear.

Article 18

Self-explanatory.

Article 19

Self-explanatory.

Article 20

Self-explanatory.

Article 21

Self-explanatory.

Article 22

Quite clear.

Quite clear.

Article 24

Sufficiently clear.

Article 26

Quite clear.

Article 27

Sufficiently clear.

Article 28

Sufficiently clear.

Article 29

Quite clear.

Article 30

Sufficiently clear.

Article 31

Quite clear.

Article 32

Sufficiently clear.

Article 33

Sufficiently clear.

Article 34

Quite clear.

Article 35

Sufficiently clear.

Article 36

Quite clear.

Article 37

Quite clear.

Article 38

Quite clear.

Article 39

Quite clear.

Article 40

Self-explanatory.

Article 41

Quite clear.

Article 42

Sufficiently clear.

Article 43

Self-explanatory.

Article 44

Quite clear.

Article 45

Sufficiently clear.

Article 46

Quite clear.

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Article 47
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Quite clear.

Article 48

Self-explanatory.

Article 49

Quite clear.

Article 50

Quite clear.

Article 51

Self-explanatory.

Article 52

Quite clear.

Article 53

Self-explanatory.

Article 54

Quite clear.

Article 55

Self-explanatory.

Article 56

Quite clear.

Article 57

Quite clear.

Article 58

Self-explanatory.

Article 59

Quite clear.

Article 60

Paragraph (1)

Quite clear.

Paragraph (2)

Quite clear.

Paragraph (3)

Letter a

Quite clear.

Letter b

Quite clear.

Letter c

Quite clear.

Letter d

What is meant by "business entity donations" is financing issued by business entities, one of which is for regional government activities in the form of Corporate Social and Environmental Responsibility.

Letter e

Quite clear.

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37
           Letter f
                  Quite clear.
Article 61
    Self-explanatory.
Article 62
    Quite clear.
Article 63
    Quite clear.
Article 64
    Self-explanatory.
Article 65
    Quite clear.
Article 66
    Self-explanatory.
Article 67
    Quite clear.
Article 68
    Self-explanatory.
Article 69
    Self-explanatory.
Article 70
    Paragraph (1)
             Quite clear.
    Paragraph (2)
             Letter a
                       Quite clear.
             Letter b
                       Quite clear.
             Letter c
                       Quite clear.
             Letter d
                       Quite clear.
             Letter e
                     Self-explanatory.
             Letter f
                    What is meant by "sports agency" is the sports industry which operates as the
                       legal representative of professional sports players such as athletes and
                       coaches.
                       What is meant by "sports consultation" is the sports industry which is engaged
                       in providing consultation services related to sports for health.
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Letter g

Letter h

Letter i

Self-explanatory.

Quite clear.

Self-explanatory.

Paragraph (3)

Quite clear.

Paragraph (4)

Quite clear.

Paragraph (5)

Quite clear.

Paragraph (6)

Quite clear.

Paragraph (7)

Quite clear.

Article 71

Quite clear.

Article 72

Self-explanatory.

Article 73

Quite clear.

Article 74

Self-explanatory.

Article 75

Self-explanatory.

Article 76

Quite clear.

SUPPLEMENTARY REGIONAL GAZETTE OF SUKOHARJO DISTRICT NUMBER 320